

THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

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NO. 49

MAKES DARING LEAP TO RESCUE

Doctor Saves Young Woman From Her Assailant in Buggy

Aroused by anguished shrieks from a buggy passing the Armour ice house at Round Lake, at 10:30 one evening last week, Dr. E. A. Crane, who was a guest of the manager, Frank E. Fenderson, dashed for the road to find the cause of the disturbance and unearched an outrage unparalleled in the county.

Reaching the road he saw a buggy standing in the ditch and from it were emanating the screams of a young woman, struggling in the grasp of a ruffian, whose shadowy outlines the doctor could see. As soon as the rescuer neared the outfit the driver whipped the horse and to a running accompaniment of shrieks for help the vehicle made off through the darkness.

Crane ran back to the barn, hurriedly hitched up a horse and with the barn man in his company, hurried in pursuit of the mysterious buggy, tracking it by the cries that came from the distance.

The vehicle was overtaken near Robert Harvey's place, going still at full speed, when he made his daring leap from one buggy to the other, and had to be taken to the hospital Monday for an operation.

Women of that vicinity can not say to much for his gallantry and loyalty in coming to the rescue and he is quite the hero of the day at the resorts, with a modest and unostentatious man.

lines and pulling the horse, dripping with sweat and at the last gasp, to his haunches. The buggy is said to have contained George Hibbard, of Druce lake, and the young woman from Chicago, who had been summering at the resort.

Young Hibbard is said to have taken the young woman out riding with him and had attempted to assault her, which caused her outcries and the thrilling rescue by the physician.

Dr. Crane lectured the fellow in no even terms and carried the young woman from the carriage and took her to Gardiner's hotel where she stayed for the rest of the night, prostrated by her experience and in a highly nervous and excitable condition.

Young Hibbard is said to have left the country that night for parts unknown. Other wise it is stated his arrest would have followed, as the incident aroused great indignation in the breast of the people of that neighborhood.

Dr. Crane was injured about the knee when he made his daring leap from one buggy to the other, and had to be taken to the hospital Monday for an operation.

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FLIM-FLAMMED IN WAUKEGAN.

Mrs. Chapman, of Chicago, Paid \$1,000 for a Job, but Did Not Get It.

As a result of a flimflam game worked by a good looking young man, with the aid of a red automobile, Mrs. Carrie C. Chapman, a young widow, residing at 5339 Indiana avenue, Chicago, has nothing to show for \$1,000 in bank bills she offered as security for a cashiership, the trick being turned in Waukegan.

The police expect to catch the young man, who gave the name of "Mr. Hall," and who said he was confidential man of Bartlett, Frazier & Carrington, board of trade brokers. The story of the swindle, which has just come to light, has to do with the disappearance for a day and a night of Mrs. Chapman early this month and which was published at that time. It now develops that the morning of her disappearance Mrs. Chapman was induced by Hall to take a ride in an automobile to Evanston for the purpose of applying to Mr. Frazier in person for employment. Hall assured Mrs. Chapman it would be necessary for her to deposit \$1,000 as security with the firm. She drew the amount from a bank account of \$3,000 left her by her husband.

On reaching Evanston Hall pretended to have learned by telephone that Mr. Frazier was too ill to be seen. Thereupon he suggested that the day be passed in riding about the city. Late at night, near Waukegan, it is alleged, the gasoline supply gave out. Mrs. Chapman was placed in a hotel by Hall. There he obtained her \$1,000 and placed it in a sealed package, "that she might not lose it at the hotel." The next morning a package was given her and she returned home, finding later only waste paper in the package.

They Made Literature.

The architect—and his still more important colleague, the stonemason—wrought their ambition into stately piles, their soaring fancy into daring flying buttresses, their grim humor into grinning gargoyles, their romanticism into flowery cornices and vine-twined pillars. Architecture then was literature writ in marble. But in these latter times the architect is the lackey of wealth. He bends above his drawing-board, not for fame, but for gain. What might have remained through the ages the noblest of arts has been prostituted to the aggrandizement of the commercially successful and the hereditarily fortunate. Art? Pah! Greed in granite!—N. Y. Press.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

Public Notice is hereby given that the Lake County Board of Review is now in session in the Supervisor's Room in the Court House at Waukegan, Illinois.

Complaints will be received for the revision of assessment until August 10th, 1906. All those having complaints to make will file same before above date, after which none will be considered.

W. F. Weiss, Clerk.
Waukegan, Ill., July 18, 1906.

Killed by Dye.

Wilbert B. Walker, aged 38, a tool dresser, died in the North Wheeling hospital of blood poisoning caused by contact with the dye of a pair of cheap trousers.

CARE FOR MOUNTAIN SHEEP

Colorado Game Laws Have This Animal Under Their Special Protection.

State Game and Fish Commissioner Jim Woodard declares that the mountain sheep of Colorado is in the same class as the sacred bull of India. It must not be touched, says Woodard. If the animal is seen browsing upon the mountainside the gun of the hunter must not be pointed in its direction.

The animal, therefore, may be called the "sacred sheep of Colorado." There are not many of them left, but under the protection of the law they are increasing every year. There is a band of them on the hills between Florence and Victor, and Mr. Woodard has a photograph of a bunch grazing on a hillside a short distance from Florence.

But for the passage of a law which heavily fines those who kill this animal, the species would have been extinct long ago.

A letter received in Mr. Woodard's office recently tells of the arrest and conviction of one Fred Klantasky for killing a mountain sheep. Klantasky was fined \$300 and costs in the county court at Canon City. The costs amounted to \$140, and if the accused man does not settle he will have a long term to serve in the county jail.—Denver Republican.

Largest Leaf in the World.

The plant which has this most remarkable leaf is named after Queen Victoria. It was the tribute of a British traveler in a faraway land when he discovered the unusual growth. The leaf was more than five feet in diameter, and around it extended a rim about three to five inches high. When it first opens the flower is white, with pink in the middle, which spreads over the whole flower the more it advances in age, and it is generally found the next day of a pink color. As if to enhance its beauty it is sweet scented; like others of the tribe, it possesses a fleshy disk, and petals and stamens pass gradually into each other, and many petaloid leaves may be observed. "We met them afterward frequently," says an explorer, "and the higher we advanced the more gigantic they became; we measured a leaf, which was six feet five inches in diameter, its rim five and a half inches high, and the flower across 15 inches."

A Liberal View.

It is a well-known fact that parents occasionally get from the conversation of their offspring food for consideration—even suggestions for the revision of pet delusions.

Mrs. Brockett had issued stern orders to Reginald that he must not under any circumstances go over again to play with the Martin boys, lest he be corrupted.

"Aw, mamma!" protested Reginald, "I like 'em, an' I don't want anything bad from 'em."

"Well, I have told you you must not play with the Martin boys. I won't have you with them. I don't believe they are good boys!"

"Now, see here, mamma," cried the youngster, with noble candor, "mebbe I ain't so awful good myself!"—Youth's Companion.

Feminine Repartee.

"When my husband won't buy me what I want," remarked Mrs. X—, "I cry. Then he will agree that I may have it, just to get me to stop crying."

ACCIDENT AT GURNEE

Lee Middenorff Narrowly Escapes Death on Railroad Crossing.

Another accident occurred at the grade crossing of the C. M. & St. Paul road at Gurnee Monday night about 11:30 which was near a fatality.

Lee Middenorff was driving home from Waukegan and was almost upon the crossing before he noticed a train bearing down on him. He just succeeded in stopping the horse upon the track and thus no doubt saved his own life. The horse was thrown many feet and instantly killed and the buggy was smashed.

By a miracle Lee got off with only a few bruises.

The horse and buggy belonged to W. A. Gardiner of Grayslake.

The crossing at Gurnee is about the most dangerous spot in this vicinity and exceeding care should be exercised when approaching this crossing.

From both the north and south it is almost impossible to see an approaching train and the only safe way to cross is to stop and be sure no train is near. There is a steep grade at either side of the railroad and once on this grade it is impossible to get either way. Some action should be taken by the town authorities to compel the railroad to either install gates or a subway.

PRIMARIES TO BE HELD NEXT SATURDAY

First Test of the New Primary Law and Everybody Should Turn Out

On Saturday of this week, August 4, is primary election day. This will be the first test of the new primary law and it is hoped that it will be given a thorough test throughout the county and state.

All political parties, Republican, Democratic, Prohibition and Socialists hold primaries on the same day and in the same voting precincts. The judges of election at general elections and clerks chosen by them have charge of the voting, which shall be at the same place as at all general elections. The polls will be open from 7 in the morning until 5 in the evening.

Each political party has a separate ballot, which is distinguished by a particular color. For instance the Republican ballot will be on white paper, the Democratic on pink and the Socialist on red. On each ballot is printed the names of all candidates for office—Republican candidates appearing on Republican ballots and Democratic candidates on Democratic ballots.

Every voter in the county should turn out, as at this election every voter votes for the candidate of his choice.

Armored Train in Warfare.
The first armored train was used at the siege of Paris in 1871.

APPOINTS ZION CITY RECEIVER

General Election to be Held in Zion to Elect Leader of the Church

Zion City, the home of the Christian Catholic church, passed from the control of the warring leaders, John Alexander Dowie and Wilbur Glenn Voliva, into the hands of a receiver. John Craig Hatley, a member of the Chicago Board of Trade, was named by Judge Landis of the United States Circuit Court to take charge of the industries of the town. He has assumed control. The court ordered that a general receiver be elected by the people of Zion City on September 18.

Following are the important points in Judge Landis' decision:

Lands, industries and all property in Zion held to constitute a trust estate in which John Alexander Dowie can claim no individual proprietorship.

John Craig Hatley, of Chicago, appointed receiver of the Zion estate under bonds of \$25,000.

The conveyance by Voliva under power of attorney from Dowie of the Zion property to Granger declared to be "mere waste paper."

An election ordered for the third Tuesday in September, at which all members of the church living in Zion City since January, 1905, may vote for ecclesiastical leader of the church. If there be more than one candidate the tabernacle to be used alternately for campaign purposes.

Publication of Leaves of Healing to be suspended until after the election, except for one issue, which is to contain the full decision of Judge Landis.

In due course the court is to make provision for Dowie because of his services in organizing and developing the estate.

The decree created considerable excitement among the Zionites, many of whom were called traitors to their country by Judge Landis because they had signed oaths to be true to Dowie and subordinate to his wishes all obligations to government. The wave of dissatisfaction threatened for a time to disturb the court. This disorder was quelled by the judge.

At the close of the reading of the decision the downfall and ruin of the church as a spiritual power was predicted by some of the Zion leaders. The situation was not helped by the court's announcement that it would order an election for the choosing of a General Overseer of the church. They declared that such an election will be directly contrary to the tenets of the Zion faith. It is claimed that a secular election of a leader will make of the church institution a mere democracy, whereas it is supposed to be a theocracy. Dowie, according to the doctrine of the church, was appointed by divine inspiration and selection. His successor, the members of the church say, should be chosen in the same manner.

Real Easy Money.

"The easiest money I ever made," said a local shipping man the other day, "was handed to me in New York not long ago. I was visiting there and had a little time to myself, so I bought a paper and went down to the river front. I saw an advertisement in the paper saying that a tug was to be auctioned off that day, so I went to the place and stood around examining the tug. After a while a man who had been watching me came over and began asking questions. I told him I was interested in boats and was from Philadelphia. Then he asked: 'What are you doing down here?' I came down to this auction sale, I said. 'Well, said the man, 'if you want to keep on the right side of the boys, you'll do something for me. Here's \$100; do not bid on the tug.' I took the money and departed. I had not the slightest intention of bidding."—Philadelphia Record.

Serious Affair.

Clara—O, mother, we had such fun at the party! Young Smith proposed that he and I should go through a mock-marriage ceremony—just in fun, you know; and it was too funny for anything. Afterward, some of the older people who heard of it said we were really married; but we're not, are we?

Doting Mother—Of course not.

Be sides young Smith couldn't support a wife if he had one.

Chemist's Misfortune.

A chemist made a mistake in weighing some poison, and thus killed the purchaser. When the news was announced to him, he exclaimed: "O, how unfortunate I am; he was my best customer."

CREDITORS AFTER GRACE SNELL

Suit Started in Federal Court Against Trustees of Dead Mother's Estate

Attorneys John B. Simmons and Wallace Ingalls of Racine, Wis., together with Russell Whitman, of Chicago, filed complaint in the United States District Court for the northern district of Illinois in an action brought by Clarence J. Richards, a trustee for creditors of Grace Snell-Coffin-Coffin-Walker-Coffin-Layman-Love, of Cal., against Frank L. Salisbury, Homer M. Thomas and A. D. Adcock and others, trustees of the estate of Henrietta Snell, of Chicago. The suit in form is an action in ejectment, and it is sought to recover Chicago real estate now claimed by these trustees.

From what little can be learned of the grounds of this action it will be claimed that this suit, which involves only a portion of the Chicago Snell real estate, is a test suit, and if the plaintiff succeeds, all of the real estate now claimed by the trustees will become the subject of litigation.

While the lawyers interested in the prosecution are disinclined to discuss the suit or the merits of it, it is understood that the claim will be made that all of the property now held by the trustees of the estate of Henrietta Snell was attempted to be bequeathed to Mrs. Snell by her husband prior to his death. It is now of greatest

value, and worth at least \$1,000,000.00. That the deeds to Mrs. Snell were never delivered to her by her husband, consequently Mrs. Snell never got any title to this property now in question is another claim. This, from what can be learned, is likely to be the basis of the plaintiff's claims.

Mr. Richards, the trustee, is seeking to enforce the rights of the now Mrs. Love in this land on the ground that on the death of her father she inherited a one-third interest in it, and in turn the trustees claim it will not stand in a contest in court.

The creditors of Mrs. Love are not numerous, the aggregate claims being somewhere around \$20,000. Her interest in this property which is sought to be enforced in this suit through the trustee will amount, if successful, to several hundred thousand dollars. If this suit is successful it is claimed that all of the property which consists of much vacant land in the city and farms outside, and many improved pieces of real estate, will go to the heirs of Amos J. Snell, and will work a destruction of the claims which the trustees under the will of Henrietta Snell now set onto this property.

WAS BOUND TO PAY PHYSICIAN.

Fee Was Small But Carried with it Child's Gratitude.

Carrying a pet spaniel in his arms, 8-year-old Alexander Wilson walked into the accident room of the Samaritan hospital and said appealingly to Dr. Ralman, says the Philadelphia Inquirer:

"Won't you mend my dog's leg? He was run over by a big wagon on the street."

Dr. Ralman tried to tell the child that the institution was not a veterinary hospital, but the child pleaded so hard that the physician consented to operate on the injured animal. He found that "Jessie," so the boy called his pet, had sustained a fracture of the left hind leg. The injured limb was soon set and done up in splints.

When the operation was over, Alexander began to search his pockets and finally produced a five-cent piece, all his available earthly wealth. He gravely presented it to Dr. Ralman. The physician told him to put it back in his pocket. The boy insisted, but finally obeyed the doctor. As soon as the accident room door closed behind him Alexander took the nickel from his pocket, rolled it through the crack under the door into the room and ran away.

WAYS OF THE AFRICAN LION

With Increasing Scarcity of Game, Jungle King Becomes Menace to Human Life.

Lions are increasing in number throughout the district, and I believe, in all Angola, though they are still not so common as leopards. Certainly they watch the road for dinner, and all the way from Benguela to Blie you have a good chance of hearing them purring about your wagon any night. Sometimes then you may find a certain satisfaction in reflecting that you are inside the wagon and that 20 oxen or more are sleeping around you, tied to their yokes. An ox is a better meal than a man, but to men as well as to oxen the lion are becoming more dangerous as the wilder game grows scarcer. A native, from the wagon which crossed the Cuando just after mine, was going down for water in the evening, when a lion sprang on him and split the petroleum can with his claw. The boy had the sense to beat his cup hard against the tin, and the monarch of the forest was so disgusted at the noise that he withdrew; but few boys are so quick, and many are killed, especially in the mountain zone about 100 miles from the coast.—H. W. Nevins, in Harper's Magazine.

Death to Angora Goats.

Angoras seem to be able to stand almost any degree of heat or cold, provided they are furnished with a shelter to keep them from getting wet. They have proven hardy in Vermont; in fact a flock that was lost all one winter, and turned up in the spring, is testimony to their ability to stand cold. The fact that they thrive in Southern California and Florida, and in their native homes in Turkey and Africa, shows that they are sufficiently adapted to hot climates. If their range is in a damp low place, however, they will surely die.—Farmington.

JUSTICE TO THE CHILDREN

Parents Make Great Mistake in Refusing to Listen to Infantile Grievances.

A mother's magazine calls attention to the fact that the old adage, "Children should be seen and not heard," has little place in the modern systems of child training, and says it is quite right that it is so, especially in the case of the child with a grievance. Children, with all their chattering, are strongly inarticulate when it is a matter of explaining their feelings, and a child may suffer more than the adults around it over dream over some injustice, real or fancied, which it would probably have difficulty in putting into words. If the parents are continually telling it to "Hush up," and "Keep still, now!" there is every chance of developing a fairly sulky youngster in time.

In one New York home, where the father takes an active part in the training of the children, as few fathers do in this country, unfortunately, no dispute among the children and no grievance of any one of them pass unnoticed, especially if the father is around. No matter what he may be doing, he drops it and instantly opens a kind of informal children's court, getting at the bottom of the trouble by the gentlest of questioning. This takes some of his time, of course, but to those children their father is the ideal of justice, a confidant who never fails them.

Romance of MSS.

There has been handed to the Edinburgh Advocates' library a most interesting and valuable MS. book recently found in the safe of the New College library. It is entitled "A Perfect Inventor of all the Pious Donations Given to the Kirks and Hospitals in Scotland since the Days of James I. to the Reign of King James VI., with Additions, Edinburgh, written 12 Novr. by R. M." As the book bore conclusive marks of having belonged to the Advocates' library, inquiry was made to ascertain if any light could be thrown on when and how the MS. book had entered the New College library. The former librarian of the New College reported that he was not able to give any information, and had not in fact been aware that the book was in the library. Probably, therefore, the mystery of its passage from the one library to the other will never be cleared up, but if it could be another chapter would no doubt have to be added to the romance of missing MSS. The MS. is of the highest interest for Scottish history.—Dundee Advertiser.

Believes in the Newspapers.

"I believe in the newspaper," says Mr. Alexander, the singing evangelist. "To illustrate their carrying power, let me tell a story:

"A newspaper, published in England, one day carried in its columns a sermon by the late Rev. Charles H. Spurgeon. That newspaper found its way to Australia, and eventually was part of a bundle that was thrown under the counter of a store to wrap up packages with. In course of time it was reached, and inclosed some articles that were sent to the house of a most ungodly man. He unwrapped the goods, and as he did so the heading of the sermon struck his eye. The man read it, became thoughtful, read it again. It converted him, and he became an earnest and devout Christian."

THE WORLD OVER

LATEST NEWS FROM EVERY LAND.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

Four suits for the recovery of 20,000 acres of valuable coal land, alleged to have been acquired from the United States by gross frauds, were filed at Salt Lake, Utah, against the Pleasant Valley Coal Company, the Utah Fuel Company and their officers.

Fritz Constantine, arrested several days ago at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., as the murderer of Mrs. Louise H. Gentry, of Chicago, has been released by the police of the Eastern city. A. W. Gentry, husband of the woman who was murdered, and George Scott, who was a fellow roomer at the Gentrys when the crime was committed, both failed to identify the prisoner as Frank J. Constantine.

The Bureau of Insular Affairs of the War Department in Washington has announced that the \$1,500,000 temporary Philippine certificates of indebtedness, maturing Sept. 1, will be retired by the issue of \$1,000,000 4 per cent certificates, running for one year, and the payment of the remainder in cash. The new issue of certificates will be in the denomination of \$1,000, dated Sept. 1, and are exempt from all taxation.

Harry Borders and Lyle Lichey were killed and over twenty were injured by the explosion of a boiler at the plant of the Vincennes Paper Mills Company in Vincennes, Ind. The property loss is \$15,000. The worst injuries to the survivors were suffered by Charles Connors, who was blown fifty feet through the air. The boiler house was destroyed. The boiler was hurled through the roof over the main building 100 feet distant, tore down a tree and badly damaged the Harrison mansion, which was the home of William Henry Harrison, when he was Governor of the Northwest Territory. Mrs. Edward Shepard, wife of one of the proprietors, who lives in the mansion, was slightly injured.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the four principal baseball leagues:

NATIONAL LEAGUE.					
			W.	L.	
Chicago	...65	28	Cincinnati	...41	52
Pittsburg	...58	31	Brooklyn	...37	53
New York	...57	32	St. Louis	...33	59
Phil'delphia	42	50	Boston	...30	61

AMERICAN LEAGUE.					
	W.	L.		W.	L.
Phil'delphia	56	32	Detroit	45	44
New York	54	33	St. Louis	44	45
Cleveland	50	38	Washington	33	53
Chicago	49	42	Boston	25	67

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.					
	W.	L.		W.	L.
Columbus	.63	39	Louisville	.50	49
Milwaukee	.50	44	Kansas City	.46	53
Toledo	.54	46	St. Paul	.43	50
Minneapolis	.52	40	Indianapolis	.35	63

WESTERN LEAGUE.					
	W.	L.		W.	L.
Des Moines	42	24	Denver	41	47
Omaha	46	38	Lincoln	38	51
Sioux City	43	46	Pueblo	32	56

NEWS NUGGETS.

Corneilus Johnson, a negro, was hanged at Louisville, Ky., for the murder of Conrad Kaiser, a white saloon-keeper.

James H. Boone, formerly sheriff at El Paso, Texas, died at El Paso, Tex., from ptomaine poisoning, the result of eating canned sausage.

In a collision between an engine and a car on the Frackville branch of the Reading Railroad William F. Smith of Reading, Pa., was killed.

Snapping and snarling like a dog and writhing on the ground while suffering from an acute attack of hydrophobia, William Garrison of Pittsburgh bit three men before being got under control.

A woman who wished to catch a train pushed the motorman from a street car in Chicago, assumed control of the lever and ran the coach at full speed for nearly a mile, while the passengers were in a panic.

No evidence of murder was the report of the medical examiners after they had performed an autopsy upon the body of Miss Winzola M. Goodell of Belchertown, Mass., who disappeared from her home July 6.

The county court house at Maryville, Tenn., Harper's department store and warehouse and several other buildings were destroyed by fire, the loss being \$125,000. The blaze was started by lightning.

An unidentified Mexican woman was killed and fifty persons were injured when a Southern Pacific passenger train running between Los Angeles and Pasadena collided with a Sierra Madre electric car near Pasadena.

Aided by the testimony of her husband's sister, Mrs. William Ellis Corey, wife of the president of the United States Steel Corporation, has obtained a divorce at Reno, Nev., and has been granted custody of the son.

George G. Hadley, one-time partner of Senator Stephen B. Elkins, and Richard B. Kerens, both of West Virginia, and Henry Gassaway Davis, candidate for Vice President on the Parker ticket, has filed an application in bankruptcy.

Mrs. Laura Hammel, an inmate of the Frankford, Pa., asylum for the insane, was given some yarn and some modern knitting needles. She crocheted a rope and with it hanged herself. She had been afflicted with suicidal mania for a year.

The fourth annual convention of orthodox Jews, which closed its annual meeting at Trenton, N. J., elected Bernard L. Levinthal of Philadelphia chief rabbi of the United States.

The Coonshire Building at West Newton, Pa., was destroyed by fire and an adjoining building was crushed by falling walls. At least one person is buried in the ruins. The loss is \$300,000.

John A. Cooke, former Circuit Court Clerk in Chicago, was convicted of conspiracy and the maximum penalty of not over five years in the penitentiary and a fine of \$2,000 was fixed by the jury.

EASTERN.

Fire destroyed the Washington Brewing Company's plant at Finleyville, Pa., causing a loss of \$50,000.

Explosion of a bomb thrown from a New York elevated station injured eight men and suspended negotiations for the merger of plumbers' unions.

Achille Martelli, an Italian banker, was shot and probably mortally wounded on the street at New York by a notary as a result of a previous encounter.

Three men were killed in the yards of the Erie railroad at Jersey City when a spreading rail sent a fast freight train plunging down an embankment.

In a collision in the western suburbs of Baltimore between a trolley car and a wagon containing a picnic party, Annie Braxton was killed and six others were injured.

Miss Nellie White, niece of ex-Secretary Long and heiress to a fortune, is in New York City on her way to the leper colony in Hawaii to wed her fiancé, Dr. W. R. Brinckerhoff.

Frank J. Constantine, the supposed murderer of Mrs. Arthur W. Gentry, who was killed in Chicago last January, is under arrest at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and has been positively identified.

A Whitehead torpedo fired from the dock at the torpedo station at Newport, R. I., during practice struck and sank a boat in which four seamen gunners were seated. A lifeboat rescued the seamen.

The American Federation of Labor has designated Thomas Tracey, Boston, Mass., as its campaign manager. Mr. Tracey is a cigar-maker by trade, though he has not worked in a factory for years.

Disappointed because their parents would not permit them to marry, Gustave Kaitke, aged 10, and Ella Miller, aged 18, committed suicide together by jumping into the Delaware river in Philadelphia.

Many passengers were injured and the fireman was killed when the Pacific Express on the New York Central was wrecked near Poughkeepsie by striking a landslide, the engine falling into the Hudson.

Plans have been perfected for the grand naval pageant which Acting Secretary of the Navy Newberry announces will occur in the sound off Oyster Bay on Labor Day, Sept. 3. The President will review the Atlantic fleet.

At a meeting of the Philadelphia board of health announcement was made that twenty slaughter houses recently condemned as insanitary had closed permanently. Sixteen other establishments were improved by order of the board.

Authorities are investigating the death of Frank R. Reynolds, the bookmaker of St. Louis, who fell or jumped from a window in the fifth floor of Martin's restaurant in New York. Death was instantaneous, the man's neck being broken.

After mourning for three years for her son Charles, who she thought had been kidnapped, Mrs. James Flanagan of Fishkill Landing, N. Y., identified parts of the clothing on the skeleton of a boy found at the bottom of a gas-tank well.

Col. A. J. Smith, general passenger and ticket agent of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern railway, died at Harrietstown, N. Y., in the Adirondack Mountains, where he was taken in the hope of saving his life. Mr. Smith was 66 years old.

It became known in New York the other day that the city of Glasgow has sold its municipal telephone plant, which was established six years ago to compete with a private company. It was found that the municipal plant was not a paying venture.

Every dollar of Russell Sage's great fortune is left to Mrs. Sage by a will made in 1901, except an insignificant bequest made to Mrs. Fannie Chapin of Obedia, N. Y., an only sister, who died two years ago. Relatives of the dead financier will contest the will.

Friday proved most unlucky to George Seibert, a watchman at the Patterson and Robinson coal plant, near Pittsburgh. Seibert was clubbed into insensibility and then shot five times by John Hollis. While the watchman was at a surgeon's office the engineer in his care exploded, starting a fire that caused \$75,000 damage. It is thought Seibert will die.

In the light of electric lamps the work of exhuming the victims of the collapsed Amesen building went on through the night in South Framingham, Mass. At dawn there were ten bodies at the morgue, eight injured were at the hospital, two others were at their homes and the list of missing contained four. The cause of the accident could not be ascertained.

Town has no building laws and any proceedings against a contractor or other persons in connection with faulty construction will have to be upon another charge.

WESTERN.

Ed Gibbons, 24 years old, a machinist, whose home is at Wabash, Ind., was drowned in Lake Gilbert, near Brownwood, Minn.

George Ahlberg, a boy in the village of Henning, Minn., was badly torn by the claws of a leopard in a circus menagerie. He may recover.

The Palace Hotel in San Francisco, which was ruined by the late earthquake and fire, is to be pulled down and rebuilt at a cost of \$3,500,000.

Fire in the upper portion of the north wing of the Oregon asylum for the insane at Salem caused a loss of \$25,000. There was no panic among the inmates.

Branch railroad lines in Oregon are said to be projected which will give George Gould's new road, the Western Pacific, an entrance into Portland.

Mrs. Lena Fort of Louisville was drowned into Cedar lake, Indiana, and was drowned. She was prominent in Jewish and social circles in the Kentucky city.

After suffering for years brutal treatment at the hands of her husband, Mrs. John Doran shot and killed him at their farm six miles from Cherokee, Kan.

Larry Westcott, 21 years old, was drowned in the Minnesota river near Fort Snelling by the upsetting of a boat in which he and a companion were fishing.

George Gill Roberts, convicted of killing County Commissioner John V. Kopf of Chicago last November, was sentenced by Judge Kersten to twenty years' imprisonment.

The Michigan Supreme Court holds the State senatorial apportionment act unconstitutional and suggests relief through

special session of the Legislature to enact a new law.

Spreading rails caused a wreck on the Chicago Consolidated Traction Company's electric road at 51st avenue and Lake street, Austin, in which twenty passengers were injured.

In Newark, O., Abraham Walker, aged 20, lost his right arm and left hand by the accidental discharge of his shotgun, on which he was leaning with both hands resting on the barrel.

The California Supreme Court decided that John Alexander Dowie must pay Hugh Clark \$1,704 borrowed in 1888 to defray the expenses of a religious campaign in San Francisco.

John Dietz, who has held his dam in Turnapple river, Wisconsin, for two years against the authorities, was attacked by a sheriff and six men Thursday, but was victorious in the battle.

Congressman Charles A. Towne has announced his candidacy for the vice presidency on the ticket with Bryan and says the Nebraska, if elected, will make the Vice President a cabinet member.

W. H. Pickard, a diver, while working many feet beneath the Mississippi river at St. Louis, lost his life through the breaking of his life line. It was five hours before he was brought to the surface.

An incendiary fire destroyed the barn of Congressman Ralph D. Cole in Findlay, Ohio. It is believed the incendiary, who was seen running away from the barn, had a spite at the Congressman.

The steamer C. W. Elphicke of the Gilchrist fleet sank at 1:30 o'clock Thursday morning in the lake of Cleveland. Twelve men who were on board were rescued by the tug Grover and brought to the city.

Robbers attempted to blow open the safe in the store of J. M. Hickey, postmaster at St. Paul Park, Minn., but they used too much dynamite, and only succeeded in wrecking the store. They escaped.

Rev. Father Irose of East St. Louis refused communion to a 12-year-old girl because she wore short sleeves and low neck dress. He stated that he regarded her garb as appropriate only for a ball-room.

A man hunt with bloodhounds through the woods of Perry county, Ohio, ended in the capture of Lew Eblin, who attacked the 8-year-old daughter of Charles Kammer of Misco, who was picking blackberries.

The third floor of the building occupied by the American Oak and Leather Company, 512 St. Charles street, St. Louis, Mo., fell through the lower floors, injuring Bayard Watson and Frank Gibble, boys.

The headless body of Albert Kennedy of Ellis, Mo., was found near Leavittsburg, Ohio, in a berry patch. The head was later discovered in a near-by hayfield. Kennedy is known to have had \$300 just before his death.

The San Francisco city hall, which cost \$7,000,000, was declared unsafe at the meeting of the board of public works and notice was served on the police department that its station in the building must find other quarters.

Field observers in the employ of the Minnesota geological department report that the Heaunby is again busy in the grain fields. Reports that the army worm is attacking timothy have come in from various parts of the State.

In Portland, Ore., the jury in the Hoge-Nickell land fraud case returned a verdict of guilty and recommended the clemency of the court. Hoge was formerly city attorney of Medford, Ore., and Nickell a United States commissioner.

Deputy Sheriff Parr left the door open after feeding the prisoners in the jail in Winona, Minn., and Loyal Nichols, a desperate criminal, walked into the street and escaped. When last seen he was making for the Wisconsin shore in a rowboat.

Adolph Weber, who murdered his father, mother, brother and sister at Auburn, Cal., two years ago in order to obtain possession of the family estate of about \$20,000, has been sentenced to be hanged at the Folsom penitentiary on Sept. 12.

William Hudson, a stationary engineer, formerly of Evanston, Ill., who recently has been employed at San Diego, shot and killed his wife, Lulu Freeze Hudson, near the residence of Harrison Goff at Pasadena, Cal. Hudson then disappeared.

Fire practically destroyed the buildings of the Cleveland Country Club, a few miles east of Cleveland, Ohio. The loss is estimated at \$150,000, partially covered by insurance. The fire is thought to have originated from defective electric wiring.

Mayor Johnson of Cleveland, in defiance of an injunction which may land him in jail, headed a band of 400 laborers, who tore up the tracks of the present traction company and laid rails for the new corporation which will grant 3-cent fares.

The old site of the St. Ignace Church and College, comprising an entire block in San Francisco, was leased the other day to Wanamaker & Brown, who will erect a large department store. The amount of rental for five years will aggregate \$201,000.

Seven suits have been filed in the federal court in Omaha by District Attorney Goss against ranchmen in the western part of that State to recover the cost of moving unlawful fences from the public domain. They are alleged to have a total of 203,000 acres illegally inclosed.

Thirty-seven acres of cultivated land on the border of Long Lake, in Rondo du Lac County, Wis., sank and now are covered with deep water. The sinkage is supposed to be due to a slight earthquake shock. Farmers in the neighborhood are alarmed and afraid to go near to investigate.

Thirty persons were injured, two of them perhaps fatally, when St. Louis and San Francisco passenger train No. 12, bound for St. Louis, was wrecked near Springfield, Mo. The most seriously injured are R. J. Thery of Monticello, Ill., and Mrs. Kate Shotters. The wreck was caused by a defective split switch.

The tug William B. Castle was sunk in the Detroit river in colliding with the lumber boat Robert Holland, which was somewhat damaged. The woman cook aboard the Castle became frightened and leaped overboard. The engineer, who had a wooden leg, jumped after her and rescued her, but lost his wooden leg.

Fire Wednesday destroyed almost the entire business section of Kirklint, Ind. After twenty buildings and fifteen business houses had been burned, several frame buildings in the path of the flames were blown up to end the destruction. The loss is \$75,000. The Willis opera house

was burned and also buildings owned by Bert Willis, R. W. Thompson and Noah McComas.

The dead body of Mrs. Laura Foy, 60 years of age, has been found hanging from nails in the rafters of her barn near Fremont, Neb. Mrs. Foy was in the loft of the barn when the floor gave way and she fell through, her dress catching on the nails, leaving her suspended in the air head downward until she died. Mrs. Foy came to Nebraska from near Xenia, Ohio, where her father was a pioneer farmer.

The decrease in the number of saloons in Ohio as a result of the passage of the Alkin \$1,000 liquor tax bill was 2,078 from 12,934 in 1905 to 10,856 in 1906. The percentage of decrease was approximately 23 instead of from 30 to 33 1/3 per cent, as expected. The revenue from the saloons for the first half of the year was nearly \$100,000 more than for the whole of last year, the revenue being \$1,037,393.

In a hand-to-hand combat in Frank Lewis' saloon in Johnston, Ohio, Marshal Dresbach and two deputies made the arrest of Frank Burke and Ira McCarty, while Edward Harrington escaped from them, afterward to be caught by a posse in a cornfield at the edge of the village. The three alleged outlaws, who were all armed, are thought to be the men who robbed the postoffice at Crooksville, the postoffice at New Concord and the office of a brick plant at South Zanesville, in each instance a safe being blown. Ammunition and a portion of nitroglycerin was carried by the party.

Word has reached Blinnack, N. D., of a cutting affray near the border of Emmons county in which H. A. Stack, a new-comer, was decapitated by Israel Cutler. The principals in the fight met and quarreled over a meadow which was the original cause of the trouble. Cutler drew a knife and cut his opponent's head off and then slashed the body in a shocking manner. The remains were found by a neighbor who happened to pass by. Alarm was given and a posse at once took the trail of Cutler, who is thought to have fled toward the river on horseback in an effort to reach the Indian reservation, where there are many hiding places.

WASHINGTON.

Gen. Nelson A. Miles, former commander in chief of the United States army, says that the opening of the Panama canal will, in his opinion, be a step toward a war in the future.

President Palma of Cuba has pardoned Miss Millie Brown, L. C. Giltner and William Augustine, Americans residing in the Isle of Pines, and a message was immediately sent by wireless telegraph ordering their release. They were guilty of putting up a toy telegraph line.

The accident bulletin just issued by the interstate commerce commission in Washington for the three months ending March 31, 1906, shows the total number of casualties to passengers and employees to be 18,200 (11,250 killed and 7,050 injured). This is an increase of 17 in the number killed and 52 in the number injured over the preceding three months. The number of passengers and employees killed in train accidents was 274, as against 320 in the preceding three months—a decrease of 46 in the number killed. The total number of collisions and derailments was 3,490 (1,921 collisions and 1,569 derailments), of which 289 collisions and 107 derailments affected passenger trains. The damage to cars, engines and roadway by these accidents amounts to \$2,024,755.

FOREIGN.

It is proposed to bring the Japanese navy up to 520,000 tons by 1908.

Canada's foreign trade for the year ending June 30 totaled \$552,000,000, an increase of \$80,000,000.

Reports of loss of life in a cloudburst in the Mount Cenis district, France, are incorrect. Tracks and bridges were damaged.

The Stromboli volcano has become violently active again. The ashes reached Sicily. Lava is pouring out of the crater and the population of the island of Stromboli is excited.

Anti-Jewish outbreaks have begun in Odessa, Russia, and a number of persons have been killed or wounded. Cossacks and rowdies have been plundering the deserted Jewish houses and shops.

Emperor Nicholas, sentenced to death by Russian terrorists, ordered his aids to put down the revolution with fire and sword. The threat united the ranks of the opposition and a general strike, intended to paralyze all industries, is decided on.

Advices received from the island of Leyte, P. I., say that a large band of Polanes attacked a column of American soldiers and regulars commanded by Gen. George H. McAster of the Twenty-fourth infantry. The engagement, which took place near Baneun, resulted in the Polanes being routed with the loss of fifty men killed and sixty wounded. The troops and constabulary suffered no losses.

IN GENERAL.

A. J. Black, Canadian minister of agriculture, says that more than 20,000 harvest hands will need to be imported this year to handle the crop. The harvest probably will be begun early in August.

The Supreme Court of the United States has received notice from the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Missouri that that court had issued an order extending for sixty days the time for the filing of the transcript of the record in the case of P. Seymour, "Lord" Harrington, who is under sentence of death for murder.

Marked prosperity is shown in the report of Secretary Callahan presented at the fourteenth annual meeting of the United States League of Local Building and Loan Associations, which opened in Cincinnati. The report says the assets of the associations in the United States now amount to \$820,344,257, which is the largest sum ever held by them. The total membership in the 5,244 associations for 1905 is 1,842,127, an increase of a little over 11,000 for the year. During the last two years the associations have gained nearly \$30,000,000 in assets. There has been a continuous growth since 1901. The largest gain in assets during the last year was in Ohio, where the increase was \$7,102,510; Pennsylvania, \$4,004,407; New Jersey, \$3,290,301; Massachusetts, \$3,111,034; Illinois, \$1,021,085; Indiana, \$1,044,142; Nebraska, \$1,037,947. There are 1,257 associations in Pennsylvania, 974 in Ohio, 503 in Illinois and 337 in Indiana.



Secretary Metcalf of the Department of Commerce and Labor has ordered the coast survey to make an investigation to ascertain whether there has been any horizontal displacement of the earth's crust on the Pacific coast as a result of the earthquake of April 18 last. This will be necessary in order to rectify existing charts and maps. In India, after the earthquake of 1897, revision of the triangulation showed difference in distance of 25 feet and 13 feet in height. Prof. Omori of Japan, who is investigating the effects of the earthquake in San Francisco, says that, if accurate observations had been taken of the smaller shocks which have followed the great shock, it would be easy to predict when the earth would again tremble. He predicts that small shocks will continue to occur for two years or more, but that there will not be another great shock in that part of the country for fifty years.

Postmaster General Cortelyou has issued an order rescinding the regulation under which patrons of rural mail routes are compelled to purchase boxes from one of the two hundred listed manufacturers who have put on the market 300 different styles of boxes, approved by the department, costing from fifty cents to four dollars each. Patrons of rural routes will be permitted to construct their own boxes, provided that in doing so they conform to the requirements of the department as to size, durability, safety and protection from the inclemency of the weather. In order to maintain the government protection of the mail placed in rural boxes the patron must secure the approval of the postmaster for the office which serves the route, and print on the box the words "Approved by the Postmaster General."

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson announces his purpose to enforce thoroughly the new meat inspection law, and said he would go personally to Chicago to organize the inspection force in that city. He said every packing house would have to satisfy him before he would pass it as sanitary, and that the civil service commissions already had a number of inspectors selected. Supervision and inspection would be extended "from the pasture to the package," and the government stamp upon the can would be a "guarantee, not only of the healthfulness of the animal, but also that the product was prepared in sanitary surroundings and with the addition of no deleterious chemical or preservative."

By direction of President Roosevelt orders have been issued that violations of the eight-hour law by contractors on public buildings shall be reported by army and navy officers or other government officers detailed to take charge of such buildings. These reports will be turned over to the Department of Justice, that prosecutions may follow. Labor organizations have reported many violations of the law to the President, who had Commissioner of Labor Neff investigate them. He found the law being freely violated, and it was decided to get the co-operation of the army and navy officers to check the practice.

A surplus of \$25,187,150 is shown by the Treasury Department's statement of the government's financial transactions during the fiscal year ending June 30. The receipts were \$504,501,714, being \$54,400,855 more than in the prior year. The increase is in customs and internal revenues. The expenditures for army, navy, pensions, interest, civil and miscellaneous were comparatively lower than during 1904-05, but were more than offset by the increased expenditures of \$23,504,189 for public works, including the Panama canal disbursement.

The big \$100,000 16-inch gun, with a range of twenty-one miles, which was made by this government, has been discarded, it having been found that, with the power of smokeless powder now in use, it would not stand the strain of fire and consequently would be more dangerous to those who fired it than to the enemy.

In making a promotion in the naval bureau of supplies and accounts, Secretary Bonaparte refused to appoint a man who had been passed over a woman, who had a higher official record. The woman, Miss F. G. Thomas, got the place.

The capital of Alaska was changed from Sitka to Juneau, Thursday, when Gov. Hoggatt rented rooms at the court buildings at Juneau for an office. The Attorney General decided that this action effected the change.

At the War Department Thursday it was announced that Secretary Taft had granted permits to three companies to withdraw from the Niagara River water for power. It permits the Niagara, Lockport and Ontario Company to import from Canada the equivalent of 25,000 horse power from the Ontario Power Company of Canada, and a like amount by the Niagara Power Company from the Canadian company of the same name.



The developments favored an encouraging view as to the prospects of business during the near future. New demands reach a surprising aggregate in the leading industries, there is increased distribution of manufactured products and seasonable stimulus appears in the jobbing and retail lines.

Values in all the raw material markets maintain great strength, with bids at a slightly higher average than during last week.

Crop reports have continued uniformly good. The agricultural sections have become good buyers of general merchandise, this causing a rapid reduction of country store stocks. Many visiting buyers now through this market and jobbing trade sales compare favorably with those of a year ago in the leading staples.

The movement of grain at this port, 6,672,404 bushels, compares with 5,473,684 bushels last week. Live stock receipts advanced to 297,035 head, against 230,447 head last week. Lumber receipts, 52,478,000 feet, compare with 52,280,000 feet last week.

Bank clearings, \$218,004,703, exceed those of corresponding week in 1905 by 14.3 per cent.

Failures reported in Chicago district number 10, against 18 last week and 18 a year ago.—Dun's Review of Trade.

Trade, industrial, and crop reports generally continue highly optimistic.

Clearance sales elicit retail demand, wholesale trade for reasonable goods is naturally quiet, but excellent grain crop reports stimulate fall orders, which are in advance of a year ago, with rather less than usual evidences of summer quietness. Reports as to July trade all point to gains over a year ago. Building continues very active and reports as to iron and steel are almost unanimous in showing larger current sales and taking than were looked for, favorable crop reports apparently having dispelled some uncertainties visible a little while ago.—Bradstreet's Commercial Report.



Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$4.00 to \$6.50; hogs, prime heavy, \$4.00 to \$6.25; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2, 73c to 75c; corn, No. 2, 51c to 53c; oats, standard, 34c to 37c; rye, No. 2, 58c to 59c; hay, timothy, \$8.50 to \$10.00; prairie, \$10.00 to \$13.00; butter, choice creamery, 10c to 20c; eggs, fresh, 14c to 15c; potatoes, new, 42c to 51c.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.75; hogs, choice heavy, \$4.00 to \$7.00; sheep, common to prime, \$2.50 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 74c to 76c; corn, No. 2, 51c to 53c; oats, No. 2, 34c to 37c; rye, No. 2, 58c to 61c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$4.50 to \$6.20; hogs, \$4.00 to \$6.75; sheep, \$4.00 to \$5.50; wheat, No. 2, 73c to 74c; corn, No. 2, 40c to 50c; oats, No. 2, 34c to 35c; rye, No. 2, 58c to 61c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$5.40; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.57; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 73c to 76c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 54c to 55c

ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

MANIC IS LURED FROM PERCH.

Dunning Head Effects His Capture—
Probe Death of Patient.

Joseph Daly, a maniac, passed much of the day swinging his feet from the roof of the main asylum building at Dunning, but was finally lured from his perch by Superintendent O. C. Wilhite. After a number of ruses employed during the day failed to dislodge the insane man, Dr. Wilhite, in the early evening, sent the firemen, guards and voluntary helpers away, and disguising himself in the garb of a patient, crept to the roof, as Daly had done early in the day. Getting close to the lunatic the superintendent said: "I have been here as long as you have; this is our chance to get away. Let's creep down and run away when it is dark." Daly readily agreed. When the superintendent and the patient reached the ground guards pounced upon Daly and captured him. Henry Schram, a patient in the Dunning asylum, died as a result of scalds received in a bathroom of the institution. Coroner Hoffman announced his intention of making a rigid inquiry owing to conflicting stories of the occurrence. Superintendent Wilhite said that his investigation revealed that Schram eluded the guards in his ward while they were busy and ran into a lavatory and turned scalding hot water upon himself.

MAN FLEES FROM WEDDING.

Springfield Girl Unable to Locate
Recent Fiance.

Nelson Enlow, a well-known farmer living a few miles south of Springfield, is said to have unaccountably disappeared from home and his absence is mourned by Miss Crissie Washbond, who says her wedding to Mr. Enlow was to have been celebrated a week ago last Thursday, two days after the man was last seen by her. Miss Washbond was in Springfield the other day, making inquiry among Enlow's acquaintances, with the hope of obtaining some clue to the whereabouts of the missing man or an explanation of his extraordinary conduct. According to Miss Washbond Enlow had been paying her attentions for the last eighteen months. The two became engaged some time ago. Enlow went to Springfield and ordered a suit of clothes, informing the clerk that he desired the clothes to wear on his wedding day. Miss Washbond says she saw her fiance on the morning following his visit to Springfield. At that time, she says, he gave no evidence of any change of plans and assured her that he would be on hand at the time the wedding bells were due to ring. Since that fateful morning, according to the woman, she has neither seen nor heard from her lover.

SCHOOLBOYS FIGHT A FIRE.

Pupils Prevent Flames from Destroying
Glenwood Institution.

The Illinois Manual Training school at Glenwood, one of the finest industrial institutions in the State, was threatened with destruction the other morning by a fire which broke out about 5 o'clock. The alarm aroused the sleeping boys, who rushed out of their dormitories in their night clothes. The volunteer fire department, consisting of fifty of the older boys in the school, was rapidly organized and began to fight the flames, which had broken out between the walls which separate the superintendent's office from his private apartments. For a time the outlook was so threatening that the village of Glenwood telephoned to the office of Glenwood for assistance, but the exertions of the boy fire fighters, aided by the men employed at the institution, succeeded in subduing the flames without the necessity of outside help. No one was injured and the damage to the building is estimated not to exceed \$250.

MAGNATE VICTIM OF FORTUNE.

George W. Bryson, Railway President, Dies of Lockjaw.

George W. Bryson, president of the Chicago, Des Moines and Fox River Railway Company, died of lockjaw at Mercy hospital in Chicago. On the evening of July 4 he was setting off fireworks with his children in front of his residence. A cannon cracker failed to work and Mr. Bryson picked it up. As he did so it exploded, and several pieces of red paper were driven into his hand. Mr. Bryson did not consider the wound serious at first, but several days after it had been dressed he noticed that it was not healing properly. He had a physician look at his hand again, and it was then that symptoms of tetanus were noticed. Mr. Bryson was sent to the hospital. Mrs. Bryson and five children are living.

RICH GIRL A HOTEL WAITRESS.

Wellesley Student Works in Dining-Room to Study Sociology.

Miss Louise Rosworth, daughter of Alfred Rosworth, a wealthy capitalist of Elgin, worked as a waitress in a hotel in the White Mountains for three weeks this summer, but when her identity was discovered she hurried back to Wellesley college, where she is a junior. Miss Rosworth is a student of sociology. At the beginning of the summer vacation she notified her parents that she would not be home, as she had taken a position at the Mount Pleasant House, Bretton Woods, where she intended to study the life of working girls at first hand. Her student friends think she intends to write a book describing her experiences.

ACID ABSORBED BY BODY KILLS.

Bottle Breaks in Boy's Pocket, Causing
Excruciating Agony.

Death relieved John Harpold, 10-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Harpold of Assumption, after twenty minutes of the most excruciating pain caused by the breaking of a bottle of carbolic acid in his pocket. The contents of the bottle were absorbed by his body. Harpold, in company with a number of other boys, was playing about a merry-go-round, when the bottle was accidentally broken in his pocket.

All Over the State.

Fred Nolte of Dundee was appointed a deputy fish warden by Gov. Deneen.

Frank Fritsch was found dead on the Southern railroad tracks at Centralia.

Ex-Justice J. B. Ricks of the Illinois Supreme Court died at his home in Taylorville.

Over indulgence in uric acid fruit caused the death of Saldora of James Adkins, 16 years old.

At Mount Carmel Orin Dollahan, 13 years old, was killed by falling under a passenger train.

Ray Paddock, 25 years old, was run over by a Clover Leaf train at Bayle City and instantly killed.

Lockjaw caused by the explosion of a toy pistol July 4, has resulted in the death of Ethel Lingen, 11 years of age, of Wenona.

George Flucky was stabbed and dangerously injured by Morris Kirkpatrick during an altercation over wages in Shelbyville.

J. J. Denner, aged 50, of Saterville, W. Va., was killed while operating an oil-well drill on the James Rush farm near Martinsville.

August Prasuhn, a wealthy and prominent young farmer of New Minden, was almost instantly killed by the accidental discharge of a shotgun.

Mrs. William Wynn, aged 52, of Macksburg, dropped dead, after partaking of a dish of ice cream. Her husband is a traveler for a Decatur firm.

Mayor Cook of East St. Louis signed an order in compliance with the new city ordinance which closes the saloons on Sunday. The order goes into effect at once.

Safe blowers rifled the strong box in the Cherry Valley postoffice safe, using nitroglycerin. They escaped with about \$200 in currency and \$300 in postage stamps.

During a severe electrical storm lightning killed three head of cattle on the farm of Henry Bryant and a valuable horse on the farm of Smith Austin, near Norris City.

Dr. W. D. McAfee, a prominent figure at the State and national encampments of the Grand Army of the Republic for many years, died in a hospital at Rockford, aged 66.

George Willard, 30 years old, residing north of Mason City, was shot by Asa Reynolds, a boy employed by him, and in his ante-mortem statement exonerated the lad from all blame.

The mining property of the Petersburg Coal Company was burned. Matthew Riley and Benjamin Weston, shot miners, who were at the bottom of the shaft, escaped through the air shaft. The loss will be \$10,000.

Closing her testimony at an experience meeting in the Church of the Nazarene in Kewanee, Mrs. William Strahan, aged 52, shouted "Glory! glory! glory!" and fell in the aisle dead. She had complained of heart trouble, but not recently.

Edward W. Upham, a retired merchant of Vankegan, died at the age of 72. He was long engaged in the dry goods business and filled numerous public offices. He leaves a son, Edward, of Denver, and a sister, Mrs. Laull of South Chicago.

Interest has been revived in the case of Clyde Showalter, who was murdered and buried in Patoka creek, near Mount Carmel. When his body was discovered his watch and other valuables which he carried on his person were missing, and all search for them was in vain. Last week a party from Mount Carmel were in the vicinity where Showalter's body was found, and noticed that the ground had the appearance of having recently been disturbed. Upon examination they found Showalter's watch loosely buried in the sand, having apparently been placed there but a short time before. The supposition is that whoever killed Showalter had taken his watch, but, being afraid to dispose of it, buried it in order to create the impression that it had fallen from the victim's pocket.

Secretary of State Rose has announced his intention of aiding in the crusade that is being waged over the State for pure milk. Where companies are incorporated to engage in this line of business and are found guilty of peddling milk that is either adulterated or below the required standard, Mr. Rose will bring the matter before the Attorney General, William H. Stead, and have him institute proceedings compelling such corporations to show cause why their charters should not be revoked. The announcement of the policy of the Secretary of State comes as a result of the recent investigation of the present conditions prevailing among vendors of the product whose milk has not been found to be up to the required test, or where formaldehyde or some other preservative is used, and the milk is sold as pure milk. In all cases where the dealers have been found guilty they will be fined or sentenced under the pure-food act.

A maddened 8-year-old Durham bull named Mike seriously injured Chris Solterman, a butcher, at Worden, kept Gus Albright up a tree for several hours, killed a horse and by besetting tactics kept the family of Louis Blume imprisoned at home. Finally the bovine Mike was shot dead. Mike had been considered dangerous for some time and Blume, the owner, decided to have him killed. Thereupon he sent for Mr. Solterman, the butcher. As a horse butcher Solterman rode into the Blume farm pasture. Mike took a good look and then charged full tilt. Down went horse and man. Solterman's right leg was broken at the ankle and dislocated at the knee. While Mike gored the horse Solterman crawled forty feet and dropped over a rail fence. An instant later Mike tossed the body of the horse over the fence. This attracted Gus Albright, a neighbor farmer, who hastened into the arena to do battle. Then he immediately hastened out of the arena. Blume's shouts finally attracted a man with a rifle.

CROPS BEST IN YEARS.

Oats Yield in Heavy and Corn in
Fine Condition.

Farmers in all sections of the State are good-natured and jubilant because of the promised excellent yield of every crop raised. With most of the wheat thrashed, the oats being harvested, and with excellent prospects for corn, they are passing the days figuring up receipts, buying rubber-tired buggies, and restfully slumbering during the nights. This season's wheat crop is slightly above the average. Little remains uncut and farmers everywhere concede the yield to make slightly better than thirty bushels to the acre. More wheat was sown this year, and in the central portion of the State the largest acreage known was put in. The crop last year was surprisingly good, especially around Springfield and in southern Illinois, which is ascribed by many as the chief cause for increased wheat sowing. Farmers are enthusiastic over their crop returns this early in the season. Corn seems to be progressing favorably. The oat crop is exceptionally good and the straw fairly heavy. South Central Illinois seems to have the best yield, but early season reports to the effect that the oats crop of the State would be slim are not verified. Forty bushels to the acre is a fair average, and little rust has been found. This year's hay crop was small. The yield was fair and the quality only medium. Pastures show little signs of dryness.

YOUNGEST SOLDIER IN WAR.

Claim of Lyndon D. Howe of Streator
Affirmed by Pension Officer.

Lyndon D. Howe of Streator, who had long laid claim to being the youngest soldier in the Civil War, has received notice of the finding of the pension department at Washington establishing that claim. Mr. Howe served during more than four years of the Civil War. He enlisted first on June 5, 1861, at Vankegan, as a member of Company I, Fifteenth Illinois volunteers. Howe's father was chief musician, drum major, of the regiment and the lad became a drummer under him. The record is correct in saying that his age was 10 years 9 months and 8 days at the time of his first enlistment. He was honorably discharged Oct. 10, 1861, the papers stating that he was dismissed because of "his tender years and his inability to stand the fatigue of long marches." On Feb. 12, 1862, he re-enlisted and was assigned as dispatch bearer on Gen. Hazen's staff, and later to the staff of Gen. Logan, being mustered out March 27, 1865. Howe was brought home on a stretcher at the close of the war. He had rheumatism, and was confined to his bed for a year. He is now a prosperous business man.

SHOOTSELF IN BOAT ON LAKE.

Fred S. Broberg, Monmouth Broker,
Shot \$10,000, Ends Life.

Fred S. Broberg, a young broker of Monmouth, who disappeared several days ago, after it had been discovered, so it is reported, that he was short \$10,000 in his account, committed suicide in a small sail boat in the middle of Lake Calumet. His body was found the next day by two fishermen, who rowed out to the drifting sail boat. The young man had shot himself with a revolver, and when his body was found it was lying across the gunwale of the boat, the arms and head dragging in the water. The victims of Broberg's speculations decided after his disappearance not to prosecute him, but to give him time to refund. From the tenor of a letter he wrote one of his friends, however, a short time before he took his life, it is evident that he despaired of ever being able to get the needed money, and it is thought that brooding over this led him to commit suicide.

FIND COUNTERFEITERS' DEN.

Railroad Detectives Accidentally
Find Plant in Chicago Heights.

While searching for brass thieves who have been stealing from the Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad Company at Chicago Heights, two special agents of the railroad company unexpectedly burst into a counterfeiters' den in the town. There were four men in the room, but one escaped and the other three were held pending an investigation. They will be arraigned before Commissioner Foote on charges of counterfeiting 25-cent pieces. Their names are said to be Leroy Kane, Joseph Miller and E. D. Robbetteau. Agents Sloan and O'Brien were searching for the brass thieves when they entered Kane's home and they declare that they found the men manufacturing spurious coins. The plant was seized and will be delivered to the government.

ROBBERS CAUGHT AFTER CHASE.

Pair of Chicago Thieves Taken in
Rockford with Over \$1,000.

After a chase extending thirty blocks and followed by a hand-to-hand fight on Rockford college grounds, Policemen Graham and Quinn arrested two men who, it is alleged, had robbed nearly every safe and vault in the Brown building, a six-story office structure. The prisoners, who were well dressed, gave their names as Edward Williams and George Everett and their residence as Chicago. Nearly \$1,000 in bills and a large number of checks, drafts and other valuable papers were found on the prisoners. Among the officers robbed were those of the city clerk and other municipal officers.

FIRE ENDANGERS TOWN.

Hard Work in Wilmette, with Aid
from Evanston, Halts Flames.

A fire in the lumber yard of Hoffman Bros., in Wilmette, threatened the entire village. Only the combined efforts of the village and Evanston fire departments and employees of the Chicago and Northwestern road kept the flames in check. The night watchman at the lumber yard had a narrow escape and several of the firemen were slightly hurt. Three horses belonging to the lumber company were burned to death. The total loss was \$25,000.

GRAND DUKE WHO CAN SEW.

Men Who Are Skillful in Use of
Thread and Needle.

A pliant young man who was asked by an inquirer into truth whether his sex indulged in sewing answered that he had only heard of their prowess in that way in connection with wild oats.

But he was wrong, says the London Mail. Many men sew with the domestic needle and thread and sew well, too.

It is a curious and undoubtedly ascertained fact that when men do embrace occupations in which women are supposed exclusively to shine they excel in them. Take, for instance, the man cook, whose skill in culinary matters is usually emphatic; consider the man nurse, whose gentleness and resource excel even the vaunted qualities of women in that direction; take the masculine designer of woman's dress, to whom no woman can hold a candle.

Run through the various arts and crafts which are deemed distinctly feminine and the same rule will be found to obtain.

Sailors are clever welders of the needle, and the Hungarian shepherds, while they tend their flocks, are skillful embroiders upon unbleached calico with red and blue ingrained cotton.

Many Scotsmen are capable knitters, and that there is a distinct vogue among Englishmen at this present time for fancy needlework the authorities at the Royal School of Art Needlework in South Kensington are ready to declare. For there they certainly sell work that is already designed and begun to male customers, and they have also had a man pupil in the school.

In royal circles the Grand Duke of Hesse is well known as a most skillful embroiderer. His grand ducal highness is a good shot, but the pleasures of the chase are less alluring to him than the pursuit of music, of which he is a devotee, and that of the needle, into which he has found an interesting piece of work on hand he will remain hard at work by the hour. A favorite time with him for his embroidery is the early morning, and when he is engaged in this pursuit he will even begin work before he dresses.

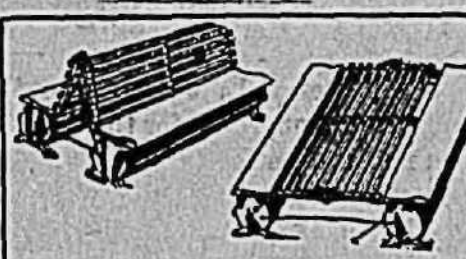
Men embroiderers do not play at work; they do not hem a piece in hand as women who are not devoted to the craft do, with which they can daily when they can seize them, and over which they can gossip in the drawing room after dinner and before bridge begins. Victor Bowring-Hanbury, who recently married Mrs. Hanbury, the widow of the minister of agriculture, and took her name in addition to his own, is a most famous example of the exquisite skill men may attain in the gentle craft.

Before he was married Mr. Bowring-Hanbury made beautiful embroidered cushion covers for his mother's drawing-room.

SEAT AND LIFE RAFT.

Placed on Decks of Vessels or Rearranged
Into a Life Raft.

When traveling on the sea it would be a great comfort to passengers to know that in case of a wreck or storm ample facilities were at hand to provide for such an emergency. The limited space on the majority of ocean liners does not permit of having on board many large lifeboats and rafts. An excellent scheme of two Canadian inventors is to combine the life raft with a bench or seat, which can be placed on the decks for lounging purposes under ordinary conditions, but



DECK SEAT AND LIFE RAFT.

which can readily be rearranged into a life raft in event of an emergency. It is so constructed that in appearance it will represent two common deck seats, placed back to back. The backs are hinged to the seats of the benches, and the two edges of the backs also being hinged where they meet. Incased in the framework of each of the seats are airtight compartments, by which the raft is rendered buoyant in the event of being placed or thrown in the water. When used as a life raft a fastening holding the two seat parts together is released, which allows the backs to assume a horizontal position in the water.

At Napoleon's Tomb.

Henry Vignaud, secretary of the American embassy at Paris, enjoys telling of an American who was being shown the tomb of Napoleon. As the eloquent guide referred to the various points of interest in connection with the tomb, the American paid the greatest attention to all that was said.

"This immense sarcophagus," declared the guide, "weighs forty tons. Inside of that, sir, is a steel receptacle weighing twelve tons, and inside of that is a leaden casket, hermetically sealed, weighing over two tons. Inside of that rests a mahogany coffin containing the remains of the great man."

For a moment the American was silent, as if in deep meditation. Then he said:

"It seems to me that you've got him all right. If he ever gets out, cable me at my expense."

Rejected.

She—Why, you know she has money to burn!

He—Yes. But she doesn't consider the kind of a match she would like to burn it—Yonkers Statesman.



Do not compel the young chickens to take to the roots until well feathered.

If keepers on a harness are properly kept in repair they should be used and not left unused.

Average eggs weigh about eight to the pound. One dozen eggs thus weigh one and one-half pounds.

If the best profit is realized, not only the wool, but the mutton and the lamb must contribute their part.

Where the proper separation cannot be secured and assured, the procuring of many varieties cannot be too strongly guarded against.

The retail value of the vegetables which may be grown in a carefully planned and well-kept garden greatly exceeds the cost of their production.

The potato beetle is said to have twenty-five parasite enemies, yet, notwithstanding these and all sorts of poisons used in potato fields, it defies annihilation.

The man who says "I am afraid I can't succeed" had better let the farm alone. The farmer of this age should come very near knowing what he intends to accomplish, and then he should go at it with "hammer and tongs."

A good, big draft gelding is the best proposition on the farm. He is able to do good work and his owner can put his own price on him. The buyer wants him at almost any price. The demand for really good horses is greater than the supply.

Sheep are high, and it would not be a good plan to go into sheep raising on a large scale at this time by buying many. But sheep raising very certainly will continue a good business, and it will be wise to buy any that can be had at a bargain wherever they are offered.

There is a good deal in knowing how to adjust the cultivator and the fenders so that the work is properly done. The fenders should be just high enough so the pulverized dirt will fall under them and about the corn. Leaving a strip of uncultivated ground about six or eight inches wide for fear of covering up some of the corn is a dangerous practice.

The way to get ahead of the scarcity of help condition is to combine several implements in any way possible and let one man do two men's work. The man who drives one team attached to a harrow and leads another attached to another harrow is hardly up to date. He should attach all the harrows side by side and drive the horses abreast. That is the modern method.

A certain county fair was once in the hands of some racehorse men, and it failed. It was recently reorganized by farmers and made a county agricultural fair, and all the farmers of that county brought their products and stock there and gave at least one day to it and it is now on the road to success. To make a fair a success it must be made strictly a fair and not a fraud.

The Agricultural Society of Indiana will expend \$3,000 for an airship this year and will pay \$1,025 in premiums. Farmers and stockmen who have seen enough "balloon business" would like to see the premium awarded "balloonish." They would like to see something more given for stock and farm products. Fair managers should not lose sight of the necessity of attracting the exhibitor as well as the visitor.

Cows will often get choked with a small potato or other hard substance in food. To relieve them, take of fine cut chewing tobacco enough to make a ball the size of a hen's egg; dampen it with molasses so it adheres closely, lift up the cow's head, pull the tongue forward and crowd the ball as far down the throat as possible. In a short time it will cause sickness and vomiting and the obstruction will be thrown out.

A man had a strawstack in his field. He did not have time to haul it away and plow the ground, so he forked the remaining straw about until it was quite equally distributed over the ground and planted potatoes under the straw. The potatoes came up through the straw, needed no cultivation and were not bothered with weeds, and in the fall he reaped quite a crop of tubers. This is a good way to utilize an old strawstack bottom.

It is seldom that one who has always had a garden and enjoyed its abundance of fresh fruits and vegetables realizes how large a part of the family bill of fare it furnishes or the value of the products which are got from it until he moves to a large city or is otherwise so situated as to be forced to rely entirely upon the grocer or peddler. In addition to being compelled to pay cash for what before cost little or nothing, the quality and freshness of the store or peddled products are usually much inferior to those got

from the home garden but an hour or two before they are prepared for the table. A careful accounting of the different items of household expense would show the garden patch to be credited with a much larger amount than we are wont to think.

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THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
A. B. JOHNSON, - Publisher
By Mail, One Dollar Per Year, in Advance.

WAS NOT TO BE BLUFFED.

Triumphant Argument of Fearless
Man That Won Wager He
Had Made.

A man who was noted for his fearlessness once made a bet that he would at midnight enter a certain vault reputed to be haunted; and, as a proof of his having been there, he agreed to bring away a human skull from a heap of human bones lying there.

On the night in question three of his comrades had already concealed themselves there, thinking to baffle him in carrying out his purpose. However, just on the stroke of midnight, he descended the vault steps, unlocked the door, and with the aid of a lantern groped his way to the heap of bones, and picked up a skull, when a gruff voice said:

"That's my head!"
He laid it down and picked up another, when the same voice again said:

"That's my head!"
"Nonsense, man! You are a bloomin' idiot. You never had two heads!" came the unexpected reply as he strode off in triumph with his prize.—N. Y. Weekly.

VOTE FOR PERRY L. PERSONS FOR COUNTY JUDGE.

Perry L. Persons, candidate for the Republican nomination for County Judge, is a native of Lake county and needs no introduction to the Republican voters, especially of Waukegan where he has been elected three times by them. He is now serving his second term as City Attorney, which office he has filled with credit, and where he has made a splendid record as a clean and able official. His wide experience not only as City Attorney, but in private practice, has qualified him to fill the office of County Judge, if elected, with ability and the increasing sentiment in his favor predicts that he will be a strong candidate in the coming primaries. His candidacy is meeting with strong support in all sections of the county, and, inasmuch as many of the voters feel that a change in the office of County Judge is to be made this year, they think that he is the right man for the place.

He being the youngest of the four candidates for County Judge, the younger men especially are enthusiastic in his support, which however, is not limited to any particular class of voters. His home and private life, as well as his public life, is above reproach or criticism, his home being at No. 416 Grand Avenue, Waukegan. Mr. Persons has a natural aversion to asking personal support in the campaign, which is rendered impossible to some extent by the duties of his practice, but is grateful to his many friends for the support and assistance he is receiving and will receive in the county at the Primaries Saturday, August 4, 1906, from 7 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Reading on a Train.
If you travel back and forth into town every day you no doubt read your morning and evening paper, or a magazine, on the train, says the Chicago American. While this is not, indeed, the best practice for the eyes, it seems a pity to waste so much time which might be turned to good account.

Much of the annoyance which comes from train reading is due to the jolting of the cars, which continually knocks the printed line out of focus with the eye.

This can be in some degree obviated by laying a card or some other object below the line to be read, and moving it steadily downward while reading. This acts as a guide to the eye, and helps to keep the sight fixed. Those who have tried it say that it wonderfully assists to decrease the difficulty of reading while in motion.

The Test of Strength.
Book of Proverbs: If thou faint in the day of adversity thy strength is small.

TO THE REPUBLICANS OF THE 5th SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for re-election to the General Assembly, subject to the action of the Senatorial Convention of this district.

Inasmuch as it was the intention of the Legislature that each voter should vote for one candidate for Representative, so that in Districts like the Eighth, each County should have a member in the General Assembly, Lake County having the Senator, I therefore ask the votes of the Republicans of Lake and Boone Counties at the primaries to be held August 4, 1906, and request that those who wish to vote for me mark a cross in the square opposite my name on the official ballot.

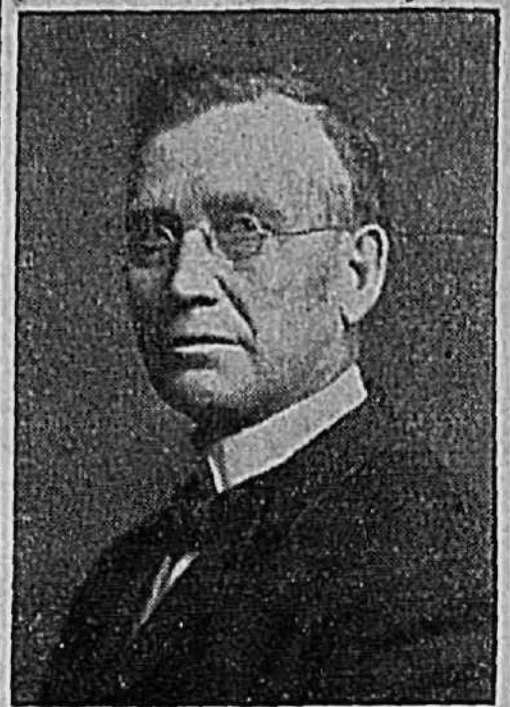
Respectfully,
FRANK R. COVEY.
Belvidere, Ill.

Ayer's Pills
Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use

ANNOUNCEMENT.

To the Republican Voters of Lake County.
After supporting and contributing to the success of the Republican party, for the past thirty years and never having held a County office, I feel I can consistently ask the Republican voters for their support of County Judge.

Fifteen years of active practice at the Lake county bar, leads me to believe that the duties of the office of County Judge



require the entire time of the Court; and if elected to that position, I will devote my whole time to the office and the best interests of the people of Lake county.

Your support will be most thankfully received at the primaries August 4.
EDWARD J. HEYDECKER.

TO THE REPUBLICANS OF THE 5th SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

I hereby announce myself as a republican candidate for representative in the General Assembly, subject to the decision of the Republican Senatorial Convention in the 5th Senatorial District.

It was the purpose of the law makers in passing the last primary act that the voters should each have one vote for a candidate for representative, so that each county in a district, like ours, should have a representative in the General Assembly. Lake Co. has a senator.

I, therefore, solicit the votes of republicans in McHenry and Lake counties at the primary to be held August 4th next, for the office of representative and request that they mark a cross in the square opposite my name upon the official ballot. I am under great obligations to the republicans of this district for their support in the past and I shall try and merit their approval in the future.

Very respectfully,
Edward D. Shurtleff.
Marengo, Illinois.

FOR COUNTY JUDGE.

To the Republican Voters:—I will appreciate your support at the Republican Primaries August 4th, 1906, 7 A. M. to 5 P. M.

PERRY L. PERSONS.

Men Past Sixty in Danger.

More than half of mankind over sixty years of age suffer from kidney and bladder disorders, usually enlargement of prostate gland. This is both painful and dangerous, and Foley's Kidney Cure should be taken at the first sign of danger, as it corrects irregularities and has cured many old men of this disease. Mr. Rodney Burnett, Rock Port Mo., writes: I suffered with enlarged prostate gland and kidney trouble for years and after taking two bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure I feel better than I have for twenty years although I am now 91 years old. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Pleasant Antiseptic.

Antiseptic methods are becoming popular with the country barbers in England. A man dropped into a village shop the other day and was shaved. Then came a wash by a sponge whose odor suggested the morgue. The victim's face was burned like fire. "What on earth have you got on that sponge?" he demanded. "Ah," answered the village barber, proudly, waving the sponge in the air, "that's carbolic acid. It's so safe!"

Prof. Tyler of Amherst College, said recently: "A man can live comfortably without brains: No man ever existed without a digestive system. The dyspeptic has neither faith hope or charity. Day by day people realize the importance of caring for their digestion; realize the need of the use of a little corrective after over eating. A corrective like Kodol for dyspepsia. It digests what you eat. Sold by J. H. Swan."

Immortal Appeal of Greek Drama.
Though the world has changed, though its people have changed, though the drama has changed, Greek tragedy remains unsurpassed in its power to sway the human mind. It moves us, it grips us, it takes absolute command of our feelings, as it moved and gripped and possessed the populace for which it was created. Its written speech controls us in the reading; its spoken speech takes hold of us even more forcefully in the acting.

Act directly on the liver.
They cure constipation, biliousness, sick-headache. Sold for 60 years. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE
FIFTY CTS. OF BUCKINGHAM OR B. F. BAKER CO., BAKERS, N. Y.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

WILL CURE
any case of
KIDNEY
or
BLADDER
DISEASE

that is
not beyond
the reach
of medicine.
No
medicine
can do more.

WAS GIVEN UP TO DIE.

B. Spiegel, 1204 N. Virginia St., Evansville, Ind., writes: "For over five years I was troubled with kidney and bladder affections which caused me much pain and worry. I lost flesh and was all run down, and a year ago had to abandon work entirely. I had three of the best physicians who did me no good and I was practically given up to die. Foley's Kidney Cure was recommended and the first bottle gave me great relief, and after taking the second bottle I was entirely cured."

TWO SIZES, 50c AND \$1.00.

**SOLD AND RECOMMENDED
JAMES H. SWAN**

A Distinction, Indeed.
Tufts is not a large college, but it earns distinction by conferring no honorary degrees—and thus escaping the distinction of conferring no foolish ones.—New Bedford Standard.

EXPERIENCE, ABILITY AND INTEGRITY

The People Desire These Qualifications in the Office of County Judge -- Judge Jones Has Them

Judge Dewitt L. Jones, who is a prominent candidate for the Republican nomination for County Judge, is one of the influential and strong men in the party in Lake County. He is a native of Warren Township, where he worked on a farm during his boyhood days and from where he enlisted in the army as a private during the War of the Rebellion, in Company D. 146 Ill. Infantry.

Following the war he taught school and farmed until 1876, when he began the study of law in Waukegan, and was admitted to the Bar in 1878. The school of hard work and economy and hard service in the War of the Rebellion, through which he passed in his early years, peculiarly fitted him for the public life in which he has taken a prominent part in Lake County, during the last twenty-five years. He was States Attorney from December 1887 to December 1888 and was City Attorney for the City of Waukegan, previous to his election as County Judge, for six terms, and during the time that he held the office of City Attorney he established a record as an efficient, careful, capable and able city official, in whom and in whose ability the different successive city administrations had full confidence.

During the time he has held the office of County Judge he has developed into an able Jurist; he stands high as a Judge, not only in Lake County, but in Cook county, and in the different counties of Northern Illinois, where, from time to time, he has been called upon to preside. He was elected Vice-President of the County and Probate Judges' Association of Illinois at its session in Springfield in May last. In Lake county, in the past few years the duties of the Coun-

CHRISTIAN T. HEYDECKER.

Christian T. Heydecker was born at Wadsworth, this county, in 1840, attended the common school and became a successful teacher, afterward reading law in the offices of Hon. E. P. Perry, who later became governor of Washington, and Hon. E. M. Haines, one of the best known men of the early day of Lake county.



On March 17, 1870, he was admitted to the bar and at once entered upon the practice of law in Waukegan. From that date his sign has continued to swing in the breezes.

He was in attendance upon several sessions of the Illinois legislature and during two sessions was speaker's clerk.

In 1890 he was elected to the office of states attorney for this county. In 1892 and again in 1896 he received the nominations unanimously to that office by the republican party by acclamation. Upon retiring from that office he continued the practice of law. In the thirty-five years of practice he feels that he has had enough experience to fit him for the office of county judge to which he now aspires. He is well known throughout the county by the young and old voters. He has taken part in every presidential campaign and states that he cast his first vote for Grant in 1868 and his last for Theodore Roosevelt.

In national politics he has always been a republican. He is a candidate for the nomination of the republican party for county judge at the primary election to be held Aug. 4th. If nominated and elected his friends feel his long experience before the Lake county bar will be of great service to him in the duties of that important position and believe that his past record will be a guarantee for the confidence reposed in him by the voters of the county.

Quick Relief for Asthma Sufferers.

Foley's Honey and Tar affords immediate relief to asthma sufferers in the worst stages, and if taken in time will effect a cure. J. H. Swan.

Justification.
Good servants are becoming so difficult to obtain that we really cannot blame the American lady who disinherited her son because he married her maid.—Punch.

A Family Beverage Healthful, Cooling Summer Drink



Encourage the whole family to drink Klein's Pure German Birch Beer! It refreshes, invigorates, cheers, palatable and appetizing. Klein's Ginger Ale and Sodas are equally pure. Sold everywhere.

F. G. KLEIN CO.,
DURLINGTON, WIS.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF SUMMER GOODS

Men's Patent Colt \$3.50 Oxfords for \$2.98
Men's Patent Colt \$3.50 Shoes for \$2.98
Men's Patent Colt \$2.50 Shoes for \$1.98
Ladies' Patent Colt \$3.25 Shoes for \$2.75
Ladies' fine Kid Bnl \$3.25 Shoes for \$2.50
Misses' Pat. 3 Strap \$1.25 Sandals for \$.98
Children's Patent \$1.00 Sandals for \$.75
Misses' white Can. \$1.15 to 95c Oxfords \$.75

JOHN ENGMAN, ANTIOCH

The Central South

The abode of Soft Winds, Persistent Sunshine and Gentle Rains; the land of Beauty, Happiness, Flowers, Contentment and Health.

The Territory served by the Louisville & Nashville Railroad, stretching from the Ohio River to the Gulf.

Throughout this wide area fertile land is yet to be had at—from a Northern standpoint—VERY LOW PRICES. From some of this land an average of \$116.95, net, was made last year on Strawberries. From Cantaloupes \$250.00. Peaches, Apples, Grapes, return handsomely. Cattle need but little winter feed.

Write me for Facts and Figures.

G. A. Park, Gen. Immigration and Industrial Ag't,
Louisville & Nashville R. R.
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.



**F. S. MORRELL,
DENTIST.**

Lake Villa, Ill.

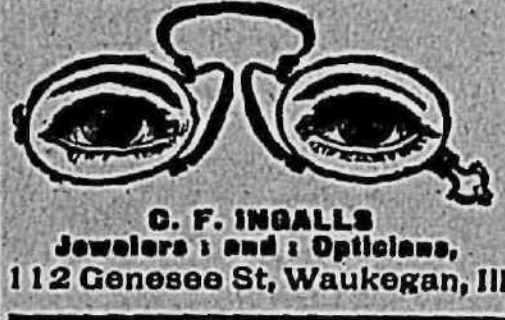
T. N. DONNELLY & Co.

Loan and Diamond Brokers
118 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.,
Between Washington and Madison.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ALL KINDS JEWELRY at less than cost. At half the price you pay the regular stores. Dec 19 01 71

P-A-I-N-T-S
OF ALL KINDS
OILS PUTTY
WALL PAPER
PAINT BRUSHES
CALCIMINE
Swan's Drug Store, Antioch, Ill.

SPECTACLES SCIENTIFICALLY FITTED



O. F. INGALLS
Jewelers and Opticians,
112 Genesee St, Waukegan, Ill.

J. C. James, Jr.,

Justice of the Peace
Notary Public
Collections, Legal Work and
Fire Insurance

Special Agent
PRUDENTIAL LIFE INSURANCE CO

J. C. JAMES, JR., UNDERTAKER.

Licensed Embalmer
Licensed by the State Board
of Health

EUGENE M. RUNYARD

ATTORNEY AT LAW.
TELEPHONE 1505.
218 Washington St. WAUKEGAN, ILL.

PATENTS
Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book: How to Secure Patents and Trade-Marks write to
CASNOW & Co.
OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

ELGIN, ILL., July 29—Butler firm at 20c. Output of the week, 937,000.

Mrs. A. G. Watson is quite ill with typhoid fever.

Walter Taylor of Waukegan spent Sunday at this place.

Mrs. Ernest Shephardson of Lake Villa spent Tuesday in Antioch.

Miss Vic Schiappinasse, of Atlantic, Iowa is visiting at Greenacre.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Shepard on Thursday July 26, a baby boy.

Mrs. Russell Dawson of Rockefeller was calling on Antioch friends Tuesday.

Quite a number from here attended the celebration at Waukegan on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Pullen are spending this week with relatives in Waukegan.

Harvey Watson of Ravenswood, is spending his vacation with his parents here.

Mrs. Dan Campbell of Solon Mills is visiting with Mrs. W. H. Osmond this week.

Miss Maude Brogan of Kenosha was visiting her mother at this place over Sunday.

Miss Susan Morley spent Monday and Tuesday of this week with friends in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lux are spending this week with relatives at Wadsworth and Waukegan.

Mr. and Mrs. Stobbins and two daughters, of Chicago spent Saturday and Sunday at Greenacre.

Mr. Wm. Bartlett left on Friday of last week for Vermont where he will spend some time with relatives.

On Thursday of last week Mrs. Frank Fenderson was taken to Chicago where she underwent an operation for appendicitis.

The Fox Lake Cemetery society will hold a picnic at Long Lake Thursday, Aug. 9, instead of the usual house meeting. R. Belle Caine.

The social given by the Royal Neighbors last Friday evening was a success both socially and financially, over twenty dollars being cleared.

A company of one hundred young men from Pittsburgh, Pa. arrived here on Sunday morning for a month's outing on the banks of the Fox river.

Until further notice the mass on Sundays at St. Peter's church, Antioch, will be at 11 o'clock a. m., except the last Sunday of the month, when mass will be at 9 a. m.

T. A. Emmons arrived home on Monday after spending the past few weeks with relatives and friends at Chetek, Wis. He reports everybody well and happy and says he had a fine time.

Each Bros. & Rabe have used the Wisconsin Central, for \$80,000 damages sustained in the burning of their ice house last fall. They claim the fire was started by the sparks from a locomotive engine.

The entertainment given by the children on Tuesday evening was attended by a large and appreciative audience. The little folks all did very nicely and rendered their parts in a manner that was a credit to both themselves and to those who had the affair in charge.

Train service on the new Ladysmith branch of the Wisconsin Central will be inaugurated Monday, August 6, and there after a train will leave Ladysmith daily except Sunday at 8:40 a. m. arriving at Owen 11:40 a. m. and northbound will leave Owen at 1:15 p. m. daily except Sunday arriving at Ladysmith at 4:15 p. m.

Mrs. Nina Seymour who has been engaged in the millinery business at this place for the past six years, has closed out her business and left on Monday of this week for Spring Prairie, Wis., where she will visit with her mother for about three weeks and will then go to Milwaukee where she expects to make her future home. She has many friends here who regret very much to have her leave.

Business in Poor Shape.

When one's business is in such a shape that he finds it impossible to get out and take a holiday, occasionally there's something wrong with that business.—Printer's Ink.

According to Circumstances.

A man never talks much about the "sweetness" of a cob pipe so long as he has money to buy cigars.—Topeka Capital.

Of the Class of 1906 Kenosha College of Commerce

All are Now in GOOD POSITIONS Except One.

The Most Thorough
Business and Shorthand School
in the State. Catalog Free.

OTIS L. TRENNY, PRIN.

KENOSHA, WISCONSIN.

LOCAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

New and second hand buggies for sale or trade. L. B. Grice. 201t

To Let—A good quality of slough hay to cut on shares. Inquire of Fred Cribb.

For Rent—A 7-room House with barn, in Antioch, for rent. Inquire of Hans E. Ries. 271t

For sale or rent—A seven room house with furnace, at Lake Villa. Inquire of Jas Kerr, Lake Villa Ill. 49w3

Write to Alden, Bidinger & Co., Waukegan, Ill., for prices and terms on new and used pianos and organs. 61t

Lost—A horse collar between Antioch and Beech Grove. Finder please leave at Williams Bros. and receive reward.

For Sale—A good farm in the Fox Lake region. Excellent location, price reasonable. For particulars address this office.

Would you like a pair of eye glasses that will stay on your nose? Call on Miss Emmert, the optician, at the Lux hotel next week.

For the benefit of those who cannot spare time in the day Miss Emmert the optician will examine eyes Wednesday and Friday evenings.

Buy your coal this month at the lowest price, on the basis of \$7.70 at the yard, or \$7.35 delivered to be settled for on or before Aug. 1, 1906, as coal advances 10 cents per ton each month.

If you have poor sight, inflammation in the eyes, headache and nervousness, don't delay. Call on Miss Emmert, the well known optician, at the Lux hotel next week. No matter if you are not ready to purchase glasses call and have your eyes examined, for which there is no charge.

Too Busy to Whistle.

It is said the art of whistling will soon be counted among the lost unless there is a revival of the cheery spirit that seems to be forsaking men. Nobody whistles as he works in these strenuous days. He has too much on his mind to pucker his lips in a whistle. Nor does he hum or sing to himself for that matter. Life is, if not downright sad, too busy for that joyous and unconscious expression of contentment.

Why does the sun burn? Why does a mosquito sting? Why do we feel unhappy in the good old summer time? Answer we don't. We use DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, and these little ills don't bother us. Learn to look for the name on the box to get the genuine. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Paper Telegraph Poles.

Serviceable telegraph poles can be found, be constructed of paper. Such poles are made of paper pulp, in which borax, talrow, etc., are mixed in small quantities. The pulp is cast in a mold with a core in the center, and forms a hollow rod of the desired length. The paper poles are said to be lighter and stronger than those of wood, and to be unaffected by the sun, rain, dampness, or any of the other causes which shorten the life of a wooden pole.

Foley's Kidney Cure.

Will cure Bright's disease. Will cure Diabetes. Will cure Stone in Bladder. Will cure Kidney and Bladder diseases. J. H. Swan.

Care of Mahogany.

If one's solid mahogany furniture becomes scratched rub the marred places with butter. This darkens the bruise instantly and after a good hard rubbing the mar is about obliterated. A woman who is rich in the possession of antique mahogany always washes it with soap and water, drying with a chamomile skin, and never uses a bit of furniture polish.

Foley's Kidney Cure is a medicine free from poisons and will cure any case of kidney disease that is not beyond the reach of medicine. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Yellow in the Diamond.

If you wish your diamonds to be "dew white" don't let any yellow furnishings come near them. Women with splendid parures have found that yellow satin and brocade "kill" their gems, and even jewelers are careful to show diamonds where no yellow light can touch them. The "off color" stone is brilliant, but doomed.

Exercise for Business Men.

The average city business man without physical impediments to fight against can probably get along successfully on such an exercise schedule as the following:

1. Five minutes each day of purely muscular exercise, such as can be taken perfectly well in one's room without any special apparatus.

2. Short intervals during the day of fresh air, brisk walking, deep breathing. This can all be secured in the regular order of the day's business. A man can easily spend as much as half an hour walking out of doors every day. This is for heart, lungs and digestion.

3. The reservation of at least one day a week for rest and recreation, for being out of doors, for playing games, etc. This is an essential. This is for both body and mind. A man who thinks he can get along without at least one vacation time a week simply proves his ignorance.—World's Work.

There is nothing so pleasant as that bright cheerful, at-pence-with-the-world feeling when you sit down to your breakfast. There is nothing so conducive to good work and good results. The healthy man with a healthy mind and body is a better fellow a better workman, a better citizen, than the man or woman who is handicapped by some disability, however slight. A slight disorder of the stomach will derange your body, your thoughts and your disposition. Get away from the morbidness and the blues. Keep your stomach in tune and both your brain and body will respond. Little indiscretions of over-eating can be easily corrected and you will be surprised to see how much better man you are. Try a little Khol for Dyspepsia after your meals. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Languages Not Spoken.

The most spoken language is Chinese, but as there are so many dialects in this language, and as these differ so greatly in the confines of Mongolia and Tibet from those around Peking, it is scarcely correct to say that 332,000,000 Celestials all speak one language. Putting, therefore, Chinese aside, the most spoken languages in the world are as follows, in millions: English, 120; German, 70; Russian, 65; Spanish, 44; Portuguese, 32. If we are to measure these in ratio on a two-foot rule we should get the following results: Portuguese, four inches; Spanish, five and one-half inches; Russian, eight and one-half inches; German, eight and three-quarter inches; English, one foot and three inches.

The End of the World

of troubles that robbed E. H. Wolfe, of Bear Grove, Ill., of all usefulness, came when he began taking Electric Bitters. He writes: "Two years ago kidney trouble caused me great suffering, which I never would have survived had I not taken Electric Bitters. They also cured me of general debility. Sure cure for all stomach, liver and kidney complaints, blood diseases, headache, dizziness and weakness or bodily decline. Price 50c. guaranteed by J. H. Swan.

Treatment of New Floor.

A new floor when waxed must be left over night before polishing, but an old floor may be polished as soon as the wax has been applied all over it. A woolen rag may be used for this purpose, but the best thing is a weighted brush with a long handle. This should be used first across the grain of the wood, then parallel with it.

Then There Was Silence.

"Dear friends," began a speaker at a meeting the other night, "I call you 'dear friends.' I won't call you ladies and gentlemen because, you see, I know you all so well."

Stock Profits

can be greatly increased by giving special care to the health of every animal and fowl on the farm. Sick poultry, sheep, cattle, hogs, horses, etc., depend on their livers to keep them well.

Black-Draught Stock and Poultry Medicine

keeps their livers working and therefore keeps them well. Black-Draught Stock and Poultry Medicine is a pure, natural, vegetable, blood purifier, and acts by regulating the stomach, liver and bowels. It prevents and cures Hog Cholera, Chicken Cholera, Colic, Distemper, Coughs, Colds, Constipation, Fever, Loss of Appetite, Wasting Away, and all the common stock diseases. It is a perfect medicine for general farm use. Try it.

Price 25c for a large can, at all druggists and dealers



J. L. SWAYER,
Republican Candidate for
COUNTY CLERK,
Subject to the action of the Primaries
to be held AUGUST 4, 1906.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

FURNISHED BY
Lake County Title and Trust Co.
Abstracts of Title. Titles Guaranteed.
MASONIC TEMPLE BUILDING,
WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS.
LOUIS J. GURNEK, Secretary.

Grace G Humphreys and hus to F L Cheney, lots 6 7 21 22, blk 4, Port Clinton, w. d. \$15000 00

Chicago Title & Trust Co to C C Clausen, lot 16 blk 16, Chicago Highlands, d. 310 00

J K Bower and wife to Elsie F Baird, lot on east side Jackson at Waukegan, w. d. 1600 00

Isabella K Tucker and hus to W H Smith, lot 8 blk 2, Smith's ad Round Lake, q. c. 1 00

Florence D Smith to W H Smith lot 5 blk 2, Smith's ad Round Lake, q. c. 1 00

J T Parker and wife to W J Alcock, 45 ft s ft on Grand ave, Waukegan, w. d. 450 00

J K Bower and wife to Bessie T Bower, 40 ft ft on Jackson st, Waukegan, w. d. 1000 00

F Blachanice and wife to I Wojciechowski, lots 25 26 blk 18, Washburn Park, w. d. 350 00

E A Cummings and wife to B Franke, lot 14 blk 1, Waukegan Highlands, w. d. 500 00

E A Cummings and wife to Paul Milnauky, lots 1 2 and w 1/2 lot 3 blk 4, Cummings & Co's ad, Waukegan, w. d. 135 41

Jas Hood and wife to Ida H Davis lot 46 blk 17, Lake Bluff, w. d. 300 00

Margaret Hart et al to Lizzie A Minkler, lots 1 2 blk 17, Lake Bluff, w. d. 700 00

F B Harper to August Schultz, lot 23 blk 55, S Waukegan, d. 250 00

Julia Weinacht and hus to Nellie Matthews, w 35 ft e 625 ft e 1/2 blk 18, Mears' plat, Highwood, w. d. 300 00

Minnie Vonderheid and hus to W C Parker, 55 ft s ft on Center st 170 ft e of North ave, Waukegan, w. d. 2300 00

Susan H Parker to Minnie Vonderheid, 50 ft s from Grand ave w of Buttrick st, Waukegan, w. d. 1200 00

E M Clark and wife to G G Garrey, lot 1 Clark & Latimer's sub Lake Forest, w. d. 600 00

J M Horine to Jennie E Moore, w pt lot 252, Lake Forest, q. c. 1 00

Jennie E Moore to Lake Forest University, w pt lot 222, Lake Forest, 2 acres, w. d. 7250 00

J A Quinlan to R J Moran, n 1/2 lot 1 Quinlan & Moran's sub, in sec 30, Waukegan tp, q. c. 1500 00

W H Pierce and wife to M S Clark lot 47, Waukegan, q. c. 4500 00

Chicago Title & Trust Co to W H Jeffries, lot 14, blk 26, Chicago Highlands, deed. 310 00

Carl Peterson to Coral T Heydecker, lots 1 to 6, blk 1, Lake Bluff Heights, w. d. 1 00

Coral T Heydecker to Maria Peterson, lots 1 to 6, blk 1, Lake Bluff Heights, q. c. 1 00

F S Munro and wife to W G Wal-Jing, tract of land in s e 1/4, sec 26, Deerfield twp, w. d. 7000 00

Chas Phillips and wife to Helen Reimer, lots 14 and 15, blk 47, Chicago Spring Bluffs, q. c. 1 00

G A Troesdel and wife to Helen Reimer, lot 16, blk 47, Chicago Spring Bluffs, q. c. 7 00

Fmapa Woolridge and hus to W M Monahan and wife, 50 ft w front on 2nd St., Libertyville, w. d. 1500 00

Leon Sawkinsas to Wm Zapkus, lot 22, block 10, Washburn Springs, w. d. 115 00

F P Crandon and wife to Charles Sablickis, lot 10, blk 6, Washburn Springs, w. d. 150 00

Consumption Threatened.

O. Tinger 211 Maple Street, Champaign, Ill., writes: I was troubled with a hacking cough for a year and I thought I had consumption. I tried a great many remedies and was under the care of a physician for several months. I used one bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar. It cured me and I have not been troubled since. Sold by J. H. Swan.

ANCIENT WATER VILLAGES.

Belle of Old Custom Still in German Forest on the Spree.

"One of the most interesting regions in the 'old fatherland' is the so-called 'Spreevald,' the forest of the Spree, situated not far from the German capital, in the province of Brandenburg," says Fritz Morris in his article "In the Water Forest of the Spree," in the Technical World Magazine. "Each village is a little Venice, every house a little island, and these islets are connected by bridges suitably raised to allow boats to pass under them. Most of the houses, with their barns and stables, rest on piles, and there is generally a strip of artificial terra firma, either in front or at the rear of every building.

By means of these land strips and of the bridges the slender land communication is kept throughout the district, but most of the business and amusement is carried on through the canals, which not only form the main highways but penetrate and cross and re-cross the whole region. It is on these lagoons that all traffic is conducted in boats during the period from spring, when the last vestige of frost and ice are disappearing, until the end of autumn. You see the letter carrier shoot up and down the canals, performing his duties in his frail craft; the police glide leisurely along the banks, watching everything going on; peasants bring the products of their toil to the nearest towns; children go to and from school; young mothers, dressed in their Sunday clothes, are rowed to church, carrying in their arms a small, queer-looking bundle, from which two large eyes in a tiny face stare at the stranger in wonderment—baby is going to be baptized, an important moment with this strongly religious people."

LEAD PENCILS OF TO-DAY.

Once Worth Their Weight in Gold Now Turned Out a Million a Day.

Many a boy is made happy these days by a present of half a dozen pencils with his name printed thereon in gold letters. Perhaps the name "lead pencil" will last through all time and eternity, says the New York Press. The original pencil was really made of lead, and on the rough paper of the time a clearly discernible mark. German led in its manufacture. Our earliest importations were much sought after, and none could be bought with other money than gold coin. A common "lead" pencil was almost worth its weight in gold, and a man who got a supply had to be well recommended. When a New York merchant advertised the arrival of a consignment of "lead pencils" the rush to buy was pell-mell.

American ingenuity, aided by German detail, brought this country quickly to the front in pencil manufacture. Our enormous forests of cedar and the discovery of graphite, with the introduction of marvelous machinery and all kinds of labor-saving devices have brought the daily output up to 1,000,000 pencils a day. There are salesmen whose annual bookings amount to half a million dollars. They give away hundreds of thousands of pencils to advertise their business. Some use pencils as personal cards, and if met in a casual way will surely have every pocket stuffed full.

BIRTHPLACE OF NAPOLEON.

Building Is Still in Existence with Its Furnishings at Ajaccio, Corsica.

Historically, Ajaccio, Corsica, is of the utmost importance, for here it was that, on August 15, 1769, Napoleon Bonaparte was born, and here it was that the future emperor passed his youth, enlightened by an intelligent and lovely mother. The "Casa Napoleon" is the principal building in Ajaccio. It is a solid three-story building, with gray stucco walls and a number of large windows. Situated in the old part of the town, one would scarcely find it were it not for the boys who tender their services to guide the stranger to the place.

Although plundered in 1793 by the partisans of Paoli, the heroic Corsican fighter for liberty, the house still contains a few reminiscences of the great warrior. Besides a number of ordinary rooms, each containing some furniture, one finds the bedroom where Napoleon was born, as well as Napoleon's sleeping and study room, with his bed and table; his father's study, still beautifully furnished, and the drawing room in which are his mother's piano and her sedan chair.

The Busy Chinese.

Everybody in China works hard, even those who have reached the highest positions. It is related of a member of the Chinese cabinet that he left home every morning at two o'clock, as he was on duty at the palace from three to six. As a member of the privy council he was engaged from six to nine. From nine until 11 he was at the war department, of which he was president. As a member of the board of punishment he was in attendance from 12 till two and as a minister of the foreign office he spent every day from two till five or six there. In addition he frequently served on special boards or commissions.

Intelligent Dog.

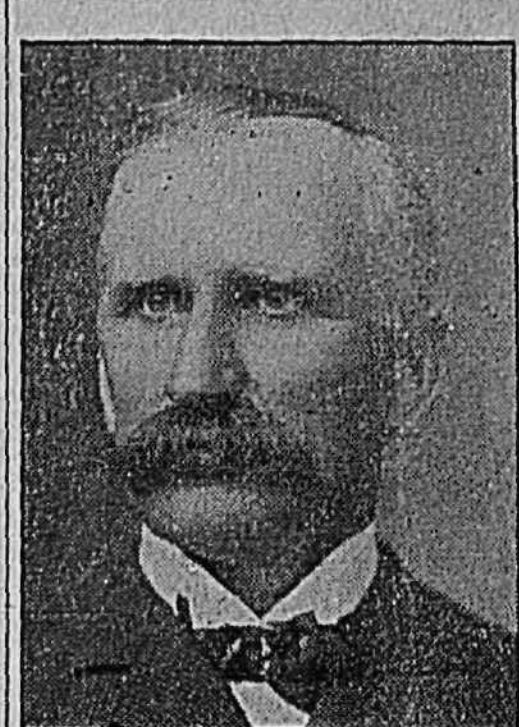
"It's a strange thing," said Willie Washington, "every time I try to ring my dog howls."

"Yes," replied Miss Cayenne, "I have always thought that dogs talked almost with human beings in intelligence."—Stray Stories.

GEORGE B. STEPHENS.

George Stephens, candidate for the republican nomination for treasurer, subject to the will of the coming republican primaries, which will be held later, is a native born Illinoisan. He was born at Homer, Will county, November 15, 1848, and since 1853 has always lived in Lake county.

Mr. Stephens served several terms as president of the Millburn Mutual Fire



Insurance Co., which was organized in 1855 and which is a strong local insurance concern.

He received his education in Lake county schools and since 1871 has been engaged in farming in Newport township. He has always been prominent in republican politics and served three terms on the board of supervisors, being elected chairman of that organization twice, serving as well as chairman of the Lake county board of review.

Your support will be appreciated at the primaries August 4.

Galveston's Sea Wall.

makes life now as safe in that city as on the higher uplands. E. W. Goodloe, who resides on Dutton st., in Waco, Texas, needs no sea wall for safety. He writes: "I have used Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption for the past five years and it keeps me well and safe. Before that time I had a cough which for years had been growing worse. Now it's gone. Cures chronic coughs, la grippe, croup whooping cough and prevents pneumonia. Pleasant to take. Every bottle guaranteed at Swan's drug store. Price 50c and \$1.00 Trial bottle free.

Mother and Child.

While firmness and decision are most necessary to this training, do not for a moment forget that love, sympathy and gentleness must go with it; but not with such lavishness as to prove a drawback. To be too constantly in each other's society is not good for either mother or child. Under these circumstances, from constant association the child will impose upon the mother; it becomes exacting, peevish, while the mother, from never being free from care night or day, cannot help being more or less impatient and unjust at times.—Harper's Bazar.

A world of truth in a few words; Nearly all other cough cures are constipating, especially those containing opiates. Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar moves the bowels. Contains no opiates. You can get it at J. H. Swan's.

Exploration by Balloon.

The value of the balloon for the exploration of the upper atmosphere has long been recognized, and in France, at least, under the direction of M. Hermite, a series of experiments were carried out which proved to be not only interesting but of the first importance. Of course, these exploring balloons carried no passengers, and one reached the unprecedented altitude of ten miles.

"Sneeze-land" Tree.

One of the curiosities of South Africa is the "sneeze-land" tree. No one can cut it with a saw without sneezing, as the fine dust is very irritating. Even planing the wood will sometimes cause sneezing. No insect of worm will touch it; it is very bitter to the taste, and when placed in water it sinks.

Is It Your Own Hair?

Do you pin your hat to your own hair? Can't do it? Haven't enough hair? It must be you do not know Ayer's Hair Vigor! Here's an introduction! May the acquaintance result in a heavy growth of rich, thick, glossy hair! Use this splendid hair-food, stop your falling hair, and get rid of your dandruff.

The best kind of a testimonial—
"Sold for over sixty years."

Ayer's
HAIR VIGOR
Prepared by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

One Man's Evil

By EFFIE ROWLAND

CHAPTER XXI.—(Continued.)

He was only a working man, his clothes were common, his hands sunburned and rough, but his voice was like music in her ears, and the expression in his eyes seemed to carry her back to her lost youth.

"Forgive me," said Ben again, not quite steadily. "Mayhap you don't remember me, Liz. It's many a year, my lass, since we stood face to face. When I look at you," Ben went on, a little hoarsely, "it seems to me as if time must have gone back. You look so like what you used to be."

Sylvia put out her hand.

"Ben," she said, "dear friend Ben." Ben took her hand and pressed it between his two big ones. She had the same sensation upon her as if she were a child who had found a protector.

"Let us sit down here awhile," she said. "You must tell me all about yourself. Ben. I saw you a few mornings ago. You were in the park, speaking with a beautiful girl. Perhaps I should not have recognized you, only that she spoke your name, and then I seemed to see your old self."

They seated themselves upon the other side of the leather couch upon which Gerald Tenby was sitting. Sylvia had forgotten all about him. She forgot everything at this moment, save the strange fact that she, who, for so many years, had done her best to put the seal of secrecy upon her beginning, who had worked so diligently to separate herself from all the old people in the North, should find it not only possible but even a happiness to be with Ben.

"My life's not worth the telling, lass," Ben said, as he seated himself, awkwardly enough, beside her graceful figure. "It was just one simple round of daily work; and many's the time, Liz, that I've longed to know how things were with you. I came back to the old country, Liz, not for my own sake, but for the sake of a lad who came into my life by chance. He was one of the old family, and my heart went out to him the first moment I looked upon him. Though he wore a prison dress, and had chains about his feet, I knew him to be what his father was before him—noble at heart, simple and good."

"Are you speaking of that young Tenby who went wrong a few years ago?" asked Sylvia.

Ben nodded his head.

"Then he did not die, Ben?"

"He was alive a week ago," cried Ben, with the anguish that lived in his heart breaking out in his voice. "What have they done with him, my poor lad?"

"Tell me more, Ben," said Sylvia faintly.

She felt as if she were suffocating. Light seemed to be springing in upon the problem about which she had puzzled so much these last few days.

Ben gave her Hubert's story briefly. He wasted no words in describing all he feared; he mentioned no name, but Sylvia knew what was in his heart, and her own was filled with sudden fear also.

"Till last night," said Ben, "I had not a clew to go upon; but fate was kind to me, and chance was given to me to meet with one who may lead at last to the truth. Last night also I saw you with a man outside the theater. You sent him from you as though he had no right to be with you. This man, Liz, is the man who is constant with Gerald Tenby. What can you tell me about him?"

"Everything, and yet nothing," answered Sylvia. "George Stanton is in one sense a stranger to me, in another he stands closer to me than any living creature at this moment. I have promised to be his wife."

"You love him, Liz?"

"I think I hate him," she said, under her breath. "I have been free for so many years that I cannot easily realize that any man has the right to call himself my master, and that is what George Stanton can do now."

There was such bitterness in her voice that Ben could say nothing for a moment or two; but after she had said so much it seemed to Sylvia a kind of relief to say more.

"Till now," she said, "I have been teaching myself one thing, which was that there was only one thing in the world worth living for, and that was money. Oh, I am changed since the days you knew me, Ben! I sometimes wonder if I am really the same Liz who used to live in that little tumble-down cottage, and go to meet you at the pit's mouth. There is such a world of difference between the girl I was and the woman I am. Yes, I have said to myself all these years that money was the only thing I cared about. And money has come to me," Sylvia said, with almost ruthless candor. "Had I but imagined that Stanton would ever find the means of making me keep my word, I would have bitten out my tongue before I would have spoken as I did."

There was a wildness in her manner and her voice that gave Ben new pain. He put his big hand softly on her arm.

"Nay, lass," he said, tenderly. "Don't hurt yourself by telling me any more."

"It does not hurt me," Sylvia answered. "It does me good. Ben, this man used to be a kind of slave. He followed me wherever I went. I did not give him so much as a kind word. Yet he would not leave me. And one day he came to me with a wild story that he was going to make his fortune. I laughed at him, yet I listened. For I saw that there might come a day when I should need some provision, and he seemed to be in earnest. I told him that the day he brought me one hundred thousand pounds I would promise to be his wife."

"And he brought you this money?" asked Sylvia.

"Yes," he said, "he brought me this money, and he claimed my promise. I made him swear to me that the money had come to him honestly, and he swore it. But since then, Ben, I have had no

peace, no rest. Something seems to have been awakened in me that cried aloud against this money. Only last night," Sylvia said, agitatedly, "I dreamed a dream. I thought I was counting out this money, and a great hand was placed upon it, and a voice cried in my ear: 'It is the price of blood!' I awoke with a scream."

Sylvia's voice was hushed all at once, for some one had risen from the other side of the couch and had seemed to stumble against it, and, looking around, her eyes had looked into Gerald Tenby's, and the expression on the man's face silenced her lips.

CHAPTER XXII.

Gerald Tenby went out into the sunshine like a man in a dream. He hardly knew which way his steps led him. He wandered on conscious of nothing but that one awful fear which lay like a band of cold iron around his heart.

It was nearly half past three as he reached his chambers. All the old unrest and disquietude rushed back upon him as he let himself in, and met the inquiring eyes of his new servant. He passed into his own room.

There were a number of letters and telegrams scattered on the table—for the world did not intend to let him remain in seclusion too long—and his eyes instantly caught the scribbled address in what he took to be Antonia's handwriting. He bent forward to pick up the note, and then he realized he was not alone.

Stanton was sitting in an armchair, looking at him with a strange smile on his lips. Gerald Tenby had not noticed him when he entered the room at first, and he gave a great start now. The blood rushed to his face, and then receded.

"You are back early," he said.

"Yes," said Stanton; "my work was quickly done. I have come today to give you one pleasure, at least. You are heartily sick of seeing me, you fret at my presence. I propose that we shall separate for a short time. I have fulfilled my share of the work we undertook, and I want to rest awhile. I intend to go abroad within the next twenty-four hours, but before I go I wish to make arrangements with you by which a regular income will be paid to me of a sum large enough to satisfy my requirements."

These words were enough to sting Tenby into something like his old self.

"You have had your last penny from me," he said, firmly; "only the other day I gave you quite a fortune; if you have been foolish enough to pass this money on to a woman like Sylvia Castella, you need not think that you can drain me for more."

"Who told you about Sylvia Castella?" Stanton asked.

"I overheard her myself only this morning telling some man with whom she appeared to be very intimate, that you had bought her promise to marry you."

Stanton's breast heaved. He bit his lips till the blood came.

"Who was this man?" he asked savagely.

"Tenby, if you are lying to me."

"Why should I lie to you about this?" retorted Tenby. "You must be aware that I am repeating to you the truth, since you yourself have not given me any information."

Stanton sat very still in the chair; his eyes were closed; he looked as if he were suffering, and Gerald Tenby stood and gazed at him a moment in silence. Something in the other man's expression touched him.

"George," he said, "be open with me. You care for this woman?"

"So much," answered Stanton, in a quiet, calmer way, "that for her sake I have done what I have done. It may not be a noble view of love," he went on, bitterly, "but it was the best I could do."

He was gone before Gerald Tenby could speak, and had let himself out of the chambers with a quick sigh, as though he were glad to escape from them.

It was now in the middle of the afternoon. The sun was hot, but up in Sylvia's garden the trees grew thickly together. It was her hour for resting; he would not even ask to see her; he would only sit in that little garden and look up at her window.

A new rush of passion had been born into his heart as he had listened to Gerald Tenby's alighting words of her. By what means Tenby had learned the truth he knew not, but one thing was very sure, it would need far more than this to tear Stanton away from this infatuation. He was a clever, cunning, practical man, and had his senses not been bewitched, he might even have saved himself yet. As it was, he went blindly forward, content to snatch at any satisfaction that should come in his way, content even to accept the grudging submission of one whom he knew only too well despised him even as he adored her.

Antonia did not leave her uncle's sick room. There came to her a kind of peace that was almost a comfort as she sat by the bedside of Edward Marchmont, and remembered all his manifold goodness.

From the first moment that she had looked upon him Antonia had not deceived herself. She knew that before many more hours had passed this noble heart would be silenced forever. In the early part of the afternoon Lady Betty came in again, with a great rustle of silken skirts.

"Go and rest for awhile, Antonia," she said, "I will stay with Edward."

It was on the girl's lips to refuse. She had no desire to rest, no desire to leave this darkened room; yet it was not possible for her to refuse, and then the thought came to her quickly that perhaps the sick man might find a gleam of joy in the knowledge that his wife was sitting beside him. So she rose.

"I do not need rest," she said, "but I will go into the drawing room, and if you want me, please call me."

"You are so good, dear Antonia," murmured Lady Betty; "but you look so tired, so worn."

Antonia walked softly along the passage, and as she did so Betty Marchmont passed quickly out of her husband's room. She turned as if to go into her own apartments, and then she saw Antonia.

"I want some eau-de-Cologne," she said, hurriedly. "Edward seems to be fainter." She spoke hurriedly, so hurriedly as to run her words into one another, and Antonia looked at her for an instant. Then without a word she pushed on and entered her uncle's room.

The first thing of which she was conscious was that the atmosphere was charged with a heavy odor—a sickly scent, something that Antonia had never experienced before.

Her brows contracted, and unconsciously her hands stole together. She advanced to the bed and looked down upon the man lying on the pillows.

There was very little difference in his attitude, and yet Antonia knew that a great change had taken place. He lay slumped among the pillows, his eyes were closed, his head a little fallen on his breast.

She bent over and whispered his name and as she did so that strong scent seemed to come more powerfully to her senses.

As she raised herself, while a cold, horrible feeling crept into her heart, Betty Marchmont stole into the room again.

She carried a large flask of eau-de-Cologne.

"This will revive him," she said; but as she advanced to the bed Antonia turned and gripped her by the wrist.

"Leave him!" she said, in a harsh, strained voice. "You have done enough!" Lady Betty looked at her in a flurried sort of way. She wrenched her hand free.

"What do you mean?" she asked. "Why do you speak to me so strangely?"

For answer Antonia threw her hands up to her face, sank down into a chair, and bent forward, cowering, as it were, beneath some heavy blow; and Lady Betty stood and looked at her with venom in her eyes and yet with fear.

Quickly she reviewed the position, and she saw herself at the mercy of Antonia, unless she took means to silence the girl. "I think you must be out of your mind," she said, speaking distinctly. "All this trouble has turned your brain. Because your uncle is asleep—"

"My uncle is dead," said Antonia; "and you know it! You may be able to throw dust into the eyes of other people, but you cannot deceive me. I understand now all that must have been in your mind—that must be in your heart."

She moved to the bed, stooped and kissed the cold brow, then mechanically she turned and walked from the room. But Betty Marchmont did not intend to let her go like this; she followed her.

"You are very wicked to me, Antonia," she said, and her lips trembled. "I don't in the least understand what you mean."

Edward is dead, then he must have died in his sleep. I fear that beside him as you were sitting, and I watched him as you watched him, and then all at once it seemed to me that he was very quiet, and I bent over him and asked him to speak to me, and when he did not answer I thought I would try and revive him, but there was no eau-de-Cologne, so I went to fetch some that I had. Don't—don't you believe me?"

"No, I do not believe you! I know that you are not speaking the truth; but let me not be afraid. What I say to you is said; for the rest I am silent. My uncle loved you," said Antonia, her voice trembling; "only an hour ago I saw that love in his eyes. You have trodden this treasure under foot for years, you have turned him into ridicule, you have spurned him and mocked him, and lately he has been a barrier; so—so you have set yourself free."

To all in the world the death of a noble man as you were sitting, and I watched him as you watched him, and then all at once it seemed to me that he was very quiet, and I bent over him and asked him to speak to me, and when he did not answer I thought I would try and revive him, but there was no eau-de-Cologne, so I went to fetch some that I had. Don't—don't you believe me?"

Betty Marchmont watched the tall, girlish figure walk slowly down the stairs. Swiftly she made her plans.

Going into the sick room, she first opened all the windows wide, pushed it to let the air clear, then rang the bell; and as some one hastened to come to her she was found bending over the dead man, bathing his brows with eau-de-Cologne.

"Will you ask Miss Marchmont to come to me?" said Lady Betty in a kind of broken voice. "I fancy she must be in the drawing room. I—I am afraid Mr. Marchmont is worse."

(To be continued.)

A Missing Return Check.

Henry E. Dixey, the comedian, tells of a performance in Chicago where it would have been difficult to any which was worse, the play or the acting.

Dixey had been strolling about the lobby during an entr'acte, when his attention was attracted by an amusing colloquy between the door-man and two youths seeking re-admission. Only one of the young men had been able to produce his return check. "That's all right," said he, with reference to his companion. "You remember him; he's with me."

"I remember him all right," replied the door-man; "but how do I know that he hasn't given his check to some one?"

Whereupon the young man who had spoken before, now solemnly added: "Why, man, he's a stranger here and hasn't an enemy in the city."

A Cool One.

Stranger (in Yaphank)—That show to be given here next week ought to be suppressed. Would you be willing to start a crusade against it?

Local Minister—Who are you, may I ask?

Stranger—I'm the advance agent—Puck.

The Hint Courtroom.

Old Friend of Family (after the usual preliminary examination as to little Bobbie's age)—And now, my bright little fellow, how many dollars have you got in that bank of yours?

Little Bobbie—Five, goin' on six—Puck.

Get a grown man to tell of the first money he ever earned, and you will hear that his parents compelled him to spend it for clothing.



Protected Milk Pail.

That many of the odors and much of the dirt which gets into milk is during the process of milking, most of us know, hence every precaution to overcome this should be taken. One of the best methods of protecting the milk in the pail is to arrange a cover of tin and cheese cloth. Have a tin cover made to go over the pail loosely so as to allow for the space taken by the cloth strainer. The tin cover should be higher in the center than at the sides (see small cut to right) and a hole about four inches in diameter made in the front center through which the milk is directed. Then have plenty of cheese cloth covers large enough to reach five or six



THE PROTECTED MILK PAIL.

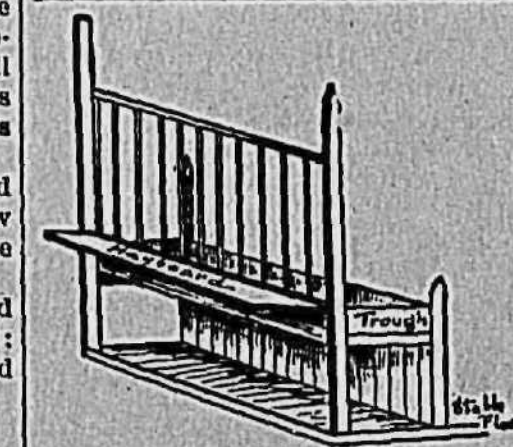
inches over the side of the pail, where it may be secured by a tape or by slipping a hoop of sheet iron of proper size over it, and pushing it down hard. Put on one of these covers, then the tin cover, and you are ready for milking. The cheese cloth will prevent any filth getting to the milk, and if these covers are washed in boiling water and sundried they may be used a number of times. The illustration shows the idea plainly, the cut to the lower left showing the pail complete with the strainer and the larger cut showing how the cloth is slashed at intervals so it will fit around the pail without trouble.—Indianapolis News.

To Drive Away the Green Fly.

Next to clean water for the destruction of green fly upon the majority of plants, gardeners value soft soap the most; when judiciously used it is an unfailing remedy and attended with no risk. Dissolved in water, at the rate of two ounces of soap to one gallon of water, and the plants dipped in the liquid, or syringed with it, so that it reaches insects in sufficient quantities to thoroughly wet them, it will do its work in the most effectual manner. It is, however, a remedy that requires the exercise of a little forethought. If it is to be used in houses it should be applied in the evening, when the house will be closed for several hours, and when it will not dry up too quickly. When the liquid is to be applied to plants or trees growing in the open air it should be done in the evening of warm and still days. If there is only a little wind blowing the liquid so quickly disappears that it is dried up before it has time to complete its work of destruction.

Economy Horse Manger.

This is intended for 6-foot stall and can be any width. Stall posts are set up in front of troughs also, two feet back, with cross piece mortised into each, two feet from floor, for trough to rest on. Trough two feet wide, 7-inch breast plank, 9-inch front. Entire trough made of 2-inch oak plank. Hay board two feet wide, one inch thick, hinged to edge of trough. Brace on outer edge of board to bottom of trough. I use an old buggy top joint. Board can be dropped down out of way when not in use. Rack fits space between stall posts, hinged at top so as to swing back when placing grain feed in trough. Rack is made of 2x2-inch hemlock, corners smoothed off. Horses will not chew hemlock. Rack can be made of iron or any kind of wood. No



ECONOMICAL HORSE MANGER.

animal can toss hay from this manger or waste any grain.—C. E. Scroggs, in Farm Progress.

Handling Guinea Fowls.

Young guinea fowls are quite tender and need feeding frequently, say every two hours, for a week or two. They can be raised successfully if fed similar to turkeys or young chicks with a variety of feed, including small seeds, etc. They must have pure water and shade and some animal feed, such as worms, grubs, or green bone. Mrs. Tate wrote to Farm and Home that her chicks are fed equal parts of bran, cornmeal, crushed rice, and a little bone-meal, and some ground raw potatoes each day after the first week. Chicks are fed all dry food in hoppers, so none is wasted or soiled. They are fed all

they can eat of the dry corn, meal, bran and crushed rice. Gravel and fresh water are kept before them all times. Water must be in tin and galvanized drinking fountains so chicks can just get their heads in, but not their feet.

Weeds in Corn.

The corn plant is a grass feeder and accepts any kind of manure that may be applied, but it will not thrive in partnership with any other plants, for which reason it must be kept free from grass and weeds, in order to have it mature before frost comes in the fall, which necessitates the frequent use of the cultivator. The clean preparation of the land before planting and the stirring of the surface soil after every rain destroys weeds and grass, which permits the farmer to accomplish such task at the least cost, as he benefits the corn crop while preparing the land for another the following season. For this reason, where large fields are cultivated, there can be no substitute for corn, and whether prices rise or fall the corn crop is a necessary adjunct to farming in this country. On the farm its value is not confined to its grain alone, but the entire plant can be utilized for some purpose. It is, therefore, the most inexpensive preparatory crop known. Every farmer aims to secure a crop of corn, and late planting is resorted to rather than incur total failure. Success with a late-planted crop depends upon the condition of the soil, the variety and the mode of cultivation, but the main drawback is the appearance of frost early in the season, which, however, does not frequently occur.

Peaches Peeled with Lye.

The method of the California Fruit Canners' Association at San Jose of using lye for eating off peach skins as a substitute for paring was investigated by a member of the California State Board of Health. By this process the fruit is immersed in the hot lye and quickly passed into pure cold water, which is constantly changing and quickly washes away the alkali. The process is believed to be entirely clean and the fruit healthful, the peaches not being handled as they must be when peeled by hand. Two cans of peaches thus prepared were analyzed with reference to acid content. In both practically the normal amount of acid was found. It is stated that the same process is used with prunes.

Hay Stacker.

The hay derrick shown here is for stacking hay in the field. The skids are 10x12 inches, 16 feet long. The two cross pieces are 8x10 inches, 8 feet long, each set in 2 inches. The upright



FOR STACKING HAY.

post is 8x8, and 9 feet high. The three braces are 4x4, or round poles. The boom pole is 32 feet long, 4 inches at top and 8 or 10 at butt. The chain can be shortened to raise the boom or lengthened to lower. The boom is swung by a swing rope, as can be seen. "A" shows the fork on which boom pole is swung. The hole in the post is filled with a piece of gas pipe with solid plug in bottom. A 6-line grapple fork can be used.

Thirsty Lands.

According to an expert in the employ of the Interior Department, the enormous basin drained by the Missouri River absorbs no less than 83 per cent of all the rain that falls upon it, whereas the basin of the Ohio River absorbs only 70 per cent. The amount of rainfall in the course of a year is proportionately greater in the Ohio than in the Missouri basin, and so the former river, although much the shorter of the two, contributes more water to the Mississippi than does its gigantic rival from the west.

Dustless Road Test.

At Sharon Hill, Pa., automobilists and horsemen are deeply interested in a mile of dustless and waterproof road, way that is being constructed by the Darby & Chester Turnpike Company as an experiment. The cost of the mile is to be \$1,200. The new substance, which is known as Westralite, is a German invention. It is said, and has been imported only eight weeks. It is mixed and spread like cement. A German expert has charge of the work. The experimental mile is being laid at Ridley Park.

Calf Feeding.

In 112 days calves fed whole milk in a feeding test in England gained 1.5 pounds per head per day as compared with 1.07 pounds with those fed separator skim-milk and cod liver oil. About four ounces was found to be the maximum amount of oil which could be fed. A feed relished by calves was made up of oatmeal, ground linseed meal, linseed cake, and lentils 8:5:3:4, cooked over night with a small quantity of salt and molasses, and fed warm in the proportion of three pounds of meal to five quarts of water.

New System of Cheese Making.

A large cheese factory is projected in the province of Ontario, Canada, by New York produce merchants, reports Consul Van Sant from Kingston. The factory is to be operated on an entirely new system of cheese-making. White cheese is now in great demand at Liverpool, being 48 cents higher than colored.

Pattern Department

UP-TO-DATE DESIGNS FOR THE HOME DRESSMAKER

Charming Fancy Blouse.

This novel and pretty blouse is made from the design of a clever Parisian dressmaker and has a quite unmistakable air of grace and individuality. Pale blue crepe de chine is used, with trimming of a delicate silk embroidery in blue, white, and gold. The upper part of the blouse is tucked while the lower part of front and sleeves are plain and



PATTERN NO. 1405.

full. The trimming bands are quite novel and extend over the shoulders and down the back while the front portions are attached one to the other with buttons. This style would be very pretty carried out in fine white mull or muslin, with trimming bands of French embroidery. The pattern, No. 1405, is cut in sizes from 32 to 40 inches bust measure.

The above pattern will be mailed to your address on receipt of 10 cents. Send all orders to the Pattern Department of this paper. Be sure to give both the number and size of pattern wanted, and write very plainly.

Order Coupon.

No. 1405.

SIZE

NAME

ADDRESS

Smart Sailor Suit.

One of the prettiest of the sailor models shown this summer is sketched here. The wide tucks in the skirt seemingly form a continuation of the blouse tucks, at front and back. The little skirt is short and full and attached to a body lining, which supports its weight. A dark blue heavy linen, trimmed with white braid, makes a charming gown, suitable for



PATTERN NO. 1488.

play, for school, or for traveling. The emblem on the shield is worked in blue silk, and a blue silk scarf is tied under the deep sailor collar. It is probably because sailor suits combine style and comfort so effectively that they are always so popular. Certainly there is no fashion that has such widespread popularity both with the small matrons and their mothers. Light-weight wools, which are useful for cool and damp days during the summer, can be used in this design with certain satisfaction. The pattern, No. 1488, is cut in sizes for girls from 8 to 12 years of age.

The above pattern will be mailed to your address on receipt of 10 cents. Send all orders to the Pattern Department of this paper. Be sure to give both the number and size of pattern wanted, and write very plainly.

Order Coupon.

No. 1488.

SIZE

NAME

ADDRESS

Unfamiliar Facts.

The king of Bavaria receives £1,350,000 a year for his royal services.

All the blood of a man's body passes through his heart once every two minutes.

Coffee has been cultivated in Venezuela since 1870. It is now that country's chief commercial product.

The great pagoda "Shwe Dagon" in Rangoon, Burma, has been recently re-glazed with heavy gold plates at a cost of over 200,000 pounds.

NEIGHBORING TOWNS.

LAKE VILLA, ILL.

Harry Miller was a Chicago visitor Saturday.

D. Sugar was a business visitor in Chicago Friday.

Chas. Harbaugh is treating the lumber sheds to a new coat of paint.

Miss Anna Ralph, of Chicago, is visiting her sister Mrs. J. E. Lane.

Dr. F. S. Morrell went to Chicago Sunday night on a business trip.

Mr. William Isreal, of Dayton, Ohio, is visiting his sister Mrs. Max Lewin.

G. V. Cording is putting up a new cottage on the Belmont Park grounds.

Mr. and Mrs. James Atwell left for Maywood, Ill., on Saturday, to visit Mr. Atwell's niece.

Mrs. Wm. Hucker, who has been spending the week in Chicago visiting friends, returned home Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Barnet went to Gurnee Thursday to attend a meeting of the Fox Lake Cemetery society.

Ramey Sherwood is treating his new barn to a coat of paint. Ben Smith, of Des Plaines, is doing the work.

Mr. William Scholz, of Chicago, is putting up a cottage on the lot he recently purchased on the north shore of Cedar Lake.

There will be a ball game on the Lake Villa ball grounds on Sunday, Aug. 5, at 2 p. m., between the Deering Ramblers, of Chicago, and the Lake Villa team.

Mrs. M. C. Hickey and the Misses C. B. Maloney, E. Maloney, C. A. Maloney are spending a few weeks at Mrs. T. N. Donnelly's at Sand Lake.

J. C. Roid, of Danville, Ill., an expert buggy, wagon and sign painter, has located in Lake Villa and is soliciting business. He may be found at the drug store.

The Lake Villa ball team played a hot game with Ingleside Sunday, July 22, defeating them by a score of 7 to 5. This is the second defeat Ingleside has met at the hands of the Lake Villa team.

The social and bazaar held in the city park Thursday evening by the Ladies Aid society was a great success. A large crowd was in attendance. Music was furnished by Peterson's orchestra.

The Lake Villa ball team played Waukegan Sunday, July 29, defeating them by a score of 13 to 3. The home boys are playing good ball and they should be encouraged.

Until further notice the mass on Sundays at Blessed Sacrament Mission, Lake Villa, will be at 9 o'clock a. m., except the last Sunday of the month, when mass will be at 11 a. m. Entrance directly across from Jarvis hotel.

Miss Jennie Hutchins, who for some time past has been employed in Potter's restaurant at the depot, has severed her connection with that place and gone to Milwaukee where she will open a rooming house.

Mr. and Mrs. P. R. Grady, of Crooked Lake, entertained the Father Mathews camp of Loon Lake Friday evening. The evening was spent in dancing and music. A sumptuous supper was served and all report a good time.

On Thursday afternoon James Kerr and wife and Peter Lund and wife went to Millburn to be initiated into the Eastern Star lodge. This chapter is just starting and they are among the first to be initiated.

William, the three year old son of Mr. and Mrs. M. Poulton, fell off the porch Friday afternoon, breaking his left arm between the wrist and elbow. Dr. Hesselgrave set the fracture and at last reports the patient was doing nicely.

D. Sugar was a business visitor at Lake Villa Thursday, where he contracted with the Pastured Dairy Creamery Butter Co. for 500 pounds of butter daily. This is said to be a very fine grade of sterilized butter and the purest on the market.

TREVOR, WIS.

August Baethke and wife are visiting at Elmhurst, Ill.

Mesdames McGinty and Pitcher visited in Antioch Tuesday.

Mr. Wiltberger spent last Sunday at his home in De Kalb, Ill.

The young lady visiting at Mr. Miller's returned to Chicago Sunday.

Sam Matthews and John Parsons, of Kenosha, spent Sunday at the lakes here.

Miss Patrick is visiting this week with her niece, Mrs. Will Kruckman, at Wilmet.

Pete McGinty, of Chicago, is visiting this week with relatives here and at Camp Lake.

Dwight Drom, of Antioch, and Miss Hanson, of Onarga, Ill., Sundayed at Jake Drom's.

The social given by the C. E. society at John Sheen's last Friday night was well attended and a good time reported by all.

Most of the farmers in this vicinity have their small grain cut. The recent rains have helped the corn as well as the late cabbage and cucumber crop.

GRAYSLAKE, ILL.

Mr. Duell spent Sunday with his mother and sister at Burlington.

Miss Tiffany, of Antioch, has been the guest of the Misses Turner.

Clifford Shanks, of Hainesville, is very sick with appendicitis.

Mr. and Mrs. Denys, Sr., have moved into Mr. Allen's tenement house.

Mrs. Justin Baldwin is confined to her bed by a severe attack of rheumatism.

Mr. and Mrs. Beck returned home this week from the visit to their sons at Piqua, Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Parker left Monday for a ten day's visit with relatives in LaPorte, Ind.

Mrs. Root's cousin, Miss Madge Smith, who has been visiting her, returned to her home at South Bend, Ind.

Mrs. Len Burge is stopping with her daughter, Mrs. Warren Hook, at whose home a little son arrived last week.

Mrs. McLease, who sold her home to Arthur Gullidge, has bought it back from him. Mr. Gullidge has bought a house of Clint Washburn, which is occupied by Ed Mason.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Effinger, who has been very ill with typhoid fever, is some better, but we are sorry to report Mr. and Mrs. Effinger both down with the same disease. Dr. Palmer is in attendance.

The many friends of Rev. and Mrs. T. A. Stephens, formerly of this place, were grieved to learn of the sad death of their eight months old little girl that occurred July 21. They had gone to some religious meeting at a neighboring town to camp for some time, and unpacking their trunk a box of pills containing strichnine fell to the ground, and before it was noticed the little child had eaten two of the pills. Three doctors were called, but in less than two hours the little one had passed away.

MILLBURN, ILL.

Earl White is home after a trip in the west.

Gladys Stewart has been visiting relatives here.

Miss Clara Foote is visiting in Chicago and Wheaton.

Mrs. Elsie Lawrence is visiting with her sister in Waukegan.

Bertha White is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Ida Douglas in Waukegan.

Mrs. Hardy of Waukegan is visiting with her brother J. A. Thain.

Mrs. Mary Yale is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Gerrity in Waukegan.

J. S. Denman's friend, Edward Voss returned to his home last Friday.

Miss Helen Safford is entertaining a friend from Bowmanville.

Mrs. Libbie Padgett and sister Jessie Jamieson are visiting their parents here.

Try to attend the C. E. Echo Rally at Deerfield Friday night, August 3.

Mrs. Lottie Bain and daughter returned to their home in Racine last week.

Mrs. A. H. Stewart will entertain the Ladies Aid society on Thursday afternoon August 2.

Mrs. Fred Denmann of Highland Park spent a few days last week with her sister, Mrs. C. E. Denman.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. John Bonner, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Stewart and Miss Carrie Bate took in Ravina Park last Saturday afternoon.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid, troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble.

When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and one dollar bottles are sold by all good druggists. Don't make any mistake; but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

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Hump Back

SCOTT'S EMULSION won't make a hump back straight, neither will it make a short leg long, but it feeds soft bone and heals diseased bone and is among the few genuine means of recovery in rickets and bone consumption.

Send for free sample. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409-415 Pearl Street, New York. 50c and \$1.00; all druggists.

HICKORY, ILL.

Thrashing is the order of the day.

Mrs. Hall entertained the minister over Sunday.

The Harvest Picnic will be held soon. Watch for further notice.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Taylor entertained relatives from Beloit last week.

The Ladies Aid society will meet with Mrs. Mann this (Thursday) afternoon. All are invited.

Mrs. B. O. King and daughter, of Chicago, are spending the week with Mr. and Mrs. Wilson King.

A Mystery Solved.

How to keep off periodic attacks of biliousness and habitual constipation was a mystery that Dr. King's New Life Pills solved for me, writes John N. Pleasant, of Magnolia, Ind. The only pills that are guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction to everybody or money refunded. Only 25 cents at Swan's drug store.

Defective Life-Line.

Among physicians a story is now going the rounds, which is imported from Boston. In one of the hospitals there it is credibly reported the following correspondence between a nurse in a ward and a physician took place. The physician was at dinner, and just at the start received from the nurse the following note:

"Patient sinking, is very low."

On the back of the paper the young physician wrote back: "Throw out the life-line."

Just at the close of the dinner the same note came back with the additional scrawl: "As directed, threw out the life-line, was too short. He sank."

In Self Defense.

Major Hamm, editor and manager of the Constitutionalist Eminence, Ky., when he was severely attacked, four years ago by piles, bought a box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, of which he says: It cured me in ten days and no trouble since. Quickest healer of burns, sores, cuts, wounds 25c at Swan's drug stores.

Wise Judge.

In order to test a Chinese witness' qualification for taking the oath, an English magistrate asked him, the other day, where he expected to go when he died. He replied: "Peking," and was disqualified. Once in another English court, a little girl, in answer to that question, said: "I don't know." The horrified counsel called the judge's attention to the answer. "Oh, I don't know, either," said the judge; "swear the witness."

Uncle Was Dense.

A proud young father telegraphed the news of his new responsibility to his brother in this fashion: "A handsome boy has come to my house and claims to be your nephew. We are doing our best to give him a proper welcome." The brother, however, failed to see the point, and replied: "I have not got a nephew. The young man is an impostor."

I Had Diabetes in its Worst Form.

Marion Lee of Dunreath, Ind., I tried eight physicians without relief. Only three bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure made me a well man. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Utopia.

There is a farm in Maine where the farmer never allows wild creatures to be molested. Consequently they have come to know that they are safe there, and it has become one of their favorite haunts. Nearly every afternoon the deer come out and feed in a field near the house, and the farm people can go very near without frightening them. The farmer thinks that this is much more interesting than hunting.

Don't drag along with a dull, bilious, heavy feeling. You need a pill. Use DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills. Do not sicken or gripe, but results are sure. Sold by J. H. Swan.

The Only One Awake.

The pastor paused in his discourse and looked over his congregation. "Sister Smith," he said, "will you kindly come up close to the pulpit? I can save my voice by repeating the rest of this sermon to you in a conversational tone, and it will not disturb the slumbers of the others."—Cleveland Leader.

Consolation.

A minister, who has since attained prominence in New York, says a writer in the Sun, was in his earlier years called from a village church. One of the slaters expressed grief at his going. "They will get a better preacher to take my place," he consoled her. "No, that's just the trouble," she said. "Every preacher, lately, is worse than the last."

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providing you take 2 lbs. of our 20c, 25c, 30c or 35c Coffee, or 2 lbs. of 35c, 40c, or 50c Tea.
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7 bars Galvanet Soap... 25c
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2 packages Johnson's Wash Powder... 25c
8 packages Gold Dust Wash Powder... 25c
7 bars Wool Soap... 10c
10 lbs. Sat Soda... 10c
Walter Baker's Premium Chocolate, per lb... 25c
Walter Baker's German Sweet Chocolate, per lb... 15c
Walter Baker's Breakfast Cocoa, per lb... 35c
8 packages Yeast Food... 10c
3 packages Magic Yeast... 10c
Armour's Star Hams, per lb... 14c
Armour's Pure Leaf Lard, per lb... 10c
Armour's Fancy Bacon, per lb... 14c
Armour's Star Dried Beef Sliced, per lb... 20c
2 packages Farley's or Rice's Garden Seeds... 05c
Bulk Wrinkled Seed Pens, per quart... 10c

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\$4.00 W. L. Douglas Shoes... \$3.00
\$3.50 W. L. Douglas Shoes... \$2.50
\$3.00 W. L. Douglas Shoes... \$2.25
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We also offer special prices on Old Pairs in Men's, Boy's and Children's Shoes. Prices are much below present wholesale cost.

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Apron Gingham, per yard... 05c
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50c Stamp Pillow Covers... 25c
25c Stamp Pillow Covers... 15c
Mosquito Netting, per bolt of 8 yards... 39c
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All Walking and Tailored Hats, 1/2 off regular prices. Trimmed Hats, 1/2 off regular prices.

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Adjudication Notice.

Public notice is hereby given that the subscriber executrix of the last will and testament of George Clark deceased, will attend the County Court of Lake County, at a term thereof to be held at the Court House in Waukegan, in said County, on the first Monday of October next, 1906, when and where all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to present the same to said court for adjudication.

ADALINE P. CLARK, Executrix.
Waukegan, July 30, 1906.

Ahead of the Times.

"I'm living in the wrong age," grumbled the little old man who was sitting outside of the post office whittling a peach stone.

"How's that?" queried the horseshoe salesman.

"Why, be gum, I should have been living in an age when that war'n't nothing, but automobiles and airships."

"Why so? Horses ever give you any trouble?"

"Trouble? Wall, I reckon they have. While I went to the circus the old woman ran away with a hoss doctor. If there hadn't been any hosses that wouldn't have been any hoss doctors and I would have had the old woman yet. No, sir, young man, I was born too early."

In this state it is not necessary to serve a five days notice for the eviction of a cold. Use the original laxative cough syrup, Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar. No opiates. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Less Crocodile-Stealing.

We fancy that after what has happened to Mr. Kraus, of Buda-Pesth, thefts of crocodiles will become less common. Mr. Kraus broke into a circus at night time to steal a crocodile, but when, in consequence of Mr. Kraus' squeals, assistance came, it was found that the crocodile was stealing Mr. Kraus.—Punch.

London's Contrasts.

London is the city of great contrasts. Adjacent to places which can be said to be the center of life of our times we find streets where time seems to have stood still, and life itself moves in the slow and old-fashioned form of another century.

Sexes Being Equalized.

Sidney Smith, in writing upon the subject many years ago, declared that nature had been just as bountiful to one sex as to the other—that education makes the only difference. This view is becoming widely accepted in our day. "Let man either provide for woman or give her a chance to provide for herself," wrote Mrs. Jameson a generation ago. Man has since heeded this advice. The chance has been given her.

Pillowed.

The photograph of a young man, with the following inscription, is exhibited in a photographer's window at Bishops Stortford, England: "This is the man who put his hair in curls to have his photograph taken, and then can't pay for them."

Quite Likely.

It is true that Edgar Allan Poe failed to get admission to the Hall of Fame, but then he doesn't need it so much as some others who have gained the honor.—Somerville Journal.

Foley's Kidney Cure will cure all diseases of arising from a disordered bladder. J. H. Swan.

He Was Real Industrious.

Two Washington negroes meeting in the street fell into a discussion of the peculiarities of a mutual friend. Said one: "What kind of a pussion is dat man, anyhow? Seems to me he never do no work."

"Oh, he is industrious, all right," promptly responded the second negro, "even if he don't do nothin' hisself. Why, only las' week dat man spent two whole days tryin' to git his wife a job!"—Success Magazine.

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